OWNER'S MANUAL 2017



450 EXC-F Six Days 500 EXC-F

Art. no. 3213483en





Congratulations on your decision to purchase a KTM motorcycle. You are now the owner of a state-of-the-art sports motorcycle that will give you enormous pleasure if you service and maintain it properly.

We hope you enjoy your new vehicle!

Please enter the serial number of your vehicle below.

Chassis number (興 p. 15)	Stamp of dealer
Engine number (🕮 p. 15)	
Engine number (😂 þ. 15)	
Key number (p. 15)	

The Owner's Manual contained the latest information for this model series at the time of going to print. Slight deviations resulting from continuing development and design of the motorcycles can, however, not be completely excluded.

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ISO 9001(12 100 6061)

According to the international quality management standard ISO 9001, KTM uses quality assurance processes that lead to the maximum possible quality of the products.

Issued by: TÜV Management Service

KTM Sportmotorcycle GmbH 5230 Mattighofen, Austria

This document is valid for the following models:

450 EXC-F Six Days US (F8475Q2)

500 EXC-F US (F8575Q9)

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1.1 Symbols used

The meaning of specific symbols is described below.



Indicates an expected reaction (e.g. of a work step or a function).



Indicates an unexpected reaction (e.g. of a work step or a function).



All work marked with this symbol requires specialist knowledge and technical understanding. In the interest of your own safety, have these jobs performed by an authorized KTM workshop. There, your motorcycle will be optimally cared for by specially trained experts using the specialist tools required.



Indicates a page reference (more information is provided on the specified page).



Indicates information with more details or tips.



Indicates the result of a testing step.

1.2 Formats used

The typographical formats used in this document are explained below.

Specific name Identifies a proprietary name.

Name® Identifies a protected name.

Brand™ Identifies a brand available on the open market.

<u>Underlined terms</u>

Refer to technical details of the vehicle or indicate technical terms that are explained in

the glossary.

6

2.1 Use definition - intended use

KTM sport motorcycles are designed and built to withstand the normal stresses and strains of competitive use. The motorcycles comply with currently valid regulations and categories of the top international motorsport organizations.



Info

Only trained personnel are allowed to drive the vehicle. The vehicle is only authorized for operation on public roads in the homologated (restricted) version.

The derestricted version of the vehicle must only be operated in closed off areas away from public highway traffic.

This motorcycle is designed for use in offroad endurance competition and not primarily for use in motocross.

2.2 Safety advice

A number of safety instructions need to be followed to operate the vehicle safely. Therefore, read this manual carefully. The safety instructions are highlighted in the text and are referred to at the relevant passages.



Info

The vehicle has various information and warning labels at prominent locations. Do not remove information/warning labels. If they are missing, you or others may not recognize dangers and may therefore be injured.

2.3 Degrees of risk and symbols



Dange

Indicates a danger that will immediately and invariably lead to fatal or serious permanent injury if the appropriate measures are not taken.



Warning

Indicates a danger that is likely to lead to fatal or serious injury if the appropriate measures are not taken.



Caution

Indicates a danger that may lead to minor injuries if the appropriate measures are not taken.

Note

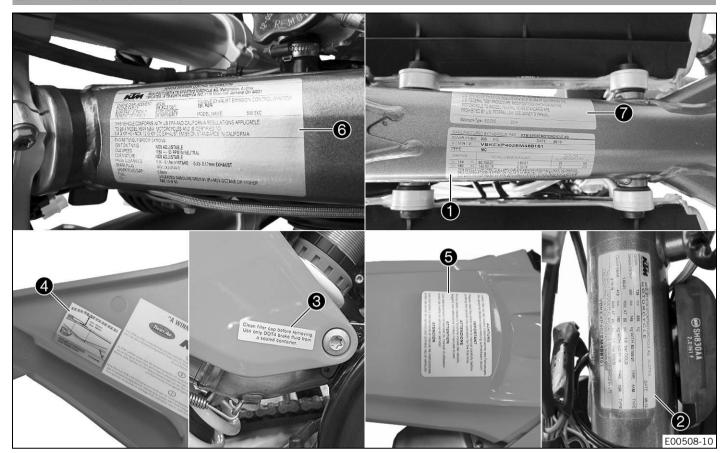
Indicates a danger that will lead to considerable machine and material damage if the appropriate measures are not taken.



Warning

Indicates a danger that will lead to environmental damage if the appropriate measures are not taken.

2.4 Overview of labels



1	Canada type label
2	USA type label
3	Brake fluid information
4	Information on chain tension
5	Information on starting up
6	Information on emissions control
7	Information on noise emission

GVWR	/PNBV:	335	KG	DATE: x	•		
	A INDV.	333	1.0	DAIL. A	^		
V.I.N./N	I.I.V.:	VBKx	xxxxxHxxxxxxx				
TYPE:		MC					
					co	LD INFL. PRESS.	
0	AWR/PNE	BE	TIRE/PNEU-DIM	MENSION-RIM/JAN	TE PRESS.	DE GONFL. À FROID	
					PSI/LPC	KPA	
1st	145	KG	90/90-21	1.60-21	22	150	
2nd	190	KG	120/90-18	2.15-18	29	200	
VEHIC	TOUTES	Y REGU	LATIONS IN EFFECT	ON THE DATE OF	MANUFACTURE - CE	R THE CANADIAN MOTO VÉHICULE EST CONFO ENT SUR LA SÉCURITÉ SA FABRICATION	

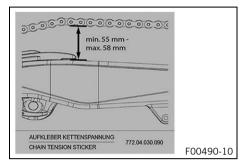
Canada type label

KIA		Y KTM AG AUSTRIA		5
	MO	TORCYCLE	DATE xx	
GVWR	739 lbs	335 kg		
GAWR FRONT	320 lbs	145 kg WITH 90/9	0-21 TIRE, 54S TYPE,	
	1.60-21 RIM, AT	22 psi 1.5 bar CC	DLD	
GAWR REAR	419 lbs		0-18 TIRE, 65R TYPE,	
	2.15-18 RIM. AT	29 psi 2.0 bar CC		
THIS VEHICLE C			ERAL MOTOR VEHICLE	
SAFETY STAND	ARDS IN EFFECT OF	N THE DATE OF MANU	FACTURE SHOWN ABOVE.	
		xxxxxHxxxxxx		
			V	0047

Clean filler cap before removing.
Use only DOT4 brake fluid from a sealed container.

Brake fluid information

F00489-10



Information on chain tension

ACHTUNG
Lesen Sie vor der ersten inbetriebnahme des Fahrzeuges die gesamte Bedienungsanleitung aufmerksam durch!

IMPORTANT
Please read the entire owner's manual carefully before putting the vehicle into operation for the first time.

ATTENZIONE
Prima della messa in funzione iniziade del vecolo, leggere con attenzione l'intero manuale d'uso!

ATTENTION
Lire attentivement l'ensemble du manuel d'utilisation avant de mettre le véhicule en service!

ATENCIÓN
Lea completa y atentamente el manual de instrucciones antes de poner en servicio por primera vez el vehiculo!

Information on starting up

WANDER CEMESSON CONTROL BY ORMATION

MANUFACTURER: KTM AQ, Mattipholen, Austria

MANUFACTURER: KTM AQ, Mattipholen, Austria

MANUFACTURER: KTM AQ, Mattipholen, Austria

MEDORITE: KTM MORTH AMERICA, MC.

ENGRIE GAPULIS TEMSSON CONTROL SYSTEM:

ENGRIE GAPULIS TEMSSON CONTROL SYSTEM:

MET NUCLOUS TEMPORATION TO THE ACT OF THE ACT O

Information on emissions control

MOTORCYCLE NOISE EMISSION CONTROL INFORMATION KTM AG, AUSTRIA
THIS 2017 KTMEXCE500 MOTORCYCLE, 796 05 082 000 ME

THIS 2017 KTMEXCF500 MOTORCYCLE, 796.05.082.000 MEETS
U.S. EPA NOISE EMISSION REQUIREMENTS OF 80 dBA AT 4250 RPM BY THE
U.S. FEDERAL TEST PROCEDURE. MODIFICATIONS WHICH CAUSE THIS
MOTORCYCLE TO EXCEED FEDERAL NOISE STANDARDS ARE
PROHIBITED BY U.S. FEDERAL LAW. SEE OWNER'S MANUAL.

Motorcycle Type: 500 EXC-F

V00477-01

Information on noise emission

9

2.5 Reporting safety defects

If you believe that your vehicle has a defect which could cause an accident resulting in injury or death, you should immediately inform the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) in addition to notifying KTM North America, Inc.

If NHTSA receives multiple similar complaints, it may open an investigation, and if it finds that a safety defect exists in a group of vehicles, it may order a recall and remedy campaign. However, NHTSA cannot become involved in individual problems between you, your dealer, or KTM North America, Inc.

To contact NHTSA, you may either call the Auto Safety Hotline toll-free at 1–888–327–4236 or visit the website www.nhtsa.dot.gov, or write to: NHTSA Headquarters, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE, West Building, Washington, DC 20590. You can also obtain other information about motor vehicle safety from the Hotline.

2.6 Noise emission warranty

KTM Sportmotorcycle AG warrants that this exhaust system, at the time of sale, meets all applicable U.S. EPA Federal noise standards

This warranty extends to the first person who buys this exhaust system for purposes other than resale, and to all subsequent buyers. Warranty claims should be directed to:

KTM North America, Inc., Customer Support, 1119 Milan Ave., Amherst, OH 44001, USA

Phone: (440) 985-3553

www.ktmusa.com

KTM Canada, Inc., Customer Support, 1375-1 Marie-Victorin, Saint-Bruno, QC J3V 6B7

Phone: (450) 441-4451 x 4250

www.ktmcanada.com

2.7 Operating noise warning

This product should be checked for necessary repair or replacement parts if the motorcycle noise has increased significantly through use. Otherwise, the owner may become subject to penalties under the applicable ordinances.

2.8 Consumer rights

Warranty claims should be submitted to a KTM workshop. If you are not satisfied, please contact:

KTM North America, Inc., Customer Support, 1119 Milan Ave., Amherst, OH 44001, USA

Phone: (440) 985–3553

www.ktmusa.com

KTM Canada, Inc., Customer Support, 1375-1 Marie-Victorin, Saint-Bruno, QC J3V 6B7

Phone: (450) 441-4451 x 4250

www.ktmcanada.com

Different rights may apply, according to national or regional legislation.

2.9 Tampering warning

Tampering with the noise control system is prohibited. Federal law prohibits the following acts or the causing thereof:

- 1 The removal or rendering inoperative by any person other than for purposes of maintenance, repair, or replacement, of any device or element of design incorporated into any new vehicle for the purpose of noise control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use, or
- 2 the use of the vehicle after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

Among those acts presumed to constitute tampering are the acts listed below:

- 1 Removal or puncturing of the main silencer, baffles, header pipes or any other components which conduct exhaust gases.
- 2 Removal or puncturing of parts of the intake system.
- 3 Lack of proper maintenance.
- 4 Replacing moving part of the vehicle, or parts of the exhaust or intake system, with parts other than those specified by the manufacturer.

2.10 Safe operation



Danger

Danger of accidents A rider who is not fit to ride poses a danger to him or herself and others.

- Do not operate the vehicle if you are not fit to ride due to alcohol, drugs or medication.
- Do not operate the vehicle if you are physically or mentally impaired.



Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use an effective exhaust extraction system when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.



Warning

Danger of burns Some vehicle components become very hot when the vehicle is operated.

- Do not touch any parts such as the exhaust system, radiator, engine, shock absorber, or brake system before the vehicle parts have cooled down.
- Let the vehicle parts cool down before you perform any work on the vehicle.

Only operate the vehicle when it is in perfect technical condition, in accordance with its intended use, and in a safe and environmentally compatible manner.

An appropriate driver's license is needed to ride the vehicle on public roads.

Have malfunctions that impair safety promptly eliminated by an authorized KTM workshop.

Adhere to the information and warning labels on the vehicle.

2.11 Protective clothing



Warning

Risk of injury Missing or poor protective clothing presents an increased safety risk.

- Wear appropriate protective clothing such as helmet, boots, gloves as well as trousers and a jacket with protectors on all rides.
- Always wear protective clothing that is in good condition and meets the legal regulations.

In the interest of your own safety, KTM recommends that you only operate the vehicle while wearing protective clothing.

2.12 Work rules

Special tools are necessary for certain tasks. The tools are not contained in the vehicle but can be ordered under the number in parentheses. E.g.: bearing puller (15112017000)

During assembly, non-reusable parts (e.g. self-locking screws and nuts, seals and seal rings, O-rings, pins, lock washers) must be replaced by new parts.

In some instances, a thread locker (e.g. Loctite®) is required. The manufacturer instructions for use must be followed.

After disassembly, clean the parts that are to be reused and check them for damage and wear. Change damaged or worn parts. After you complete the repair or service work, check the operating safety of the vehicle.

2.13 Environment

If you use your motorcycle responsibly, you can ensure that problems and conflicts do not occur. To protect the future of the motorcycle sport, make sure that you use your motorcycle legally, display environmental consciousness, and respect the rights of others. When disposing of used oil, other operating and auxiliary fluids, and used components, comply with the laws and regulations of the respective country.

Because motorcycles are not subject to the EU regulations governing the disposal of used vehicles, there are no legal regulations that pertain to the disposal of an end-of-life motorcycle. Your authorized KTM dealer will be glad to advise you.

2.14 Owner's Manual

It is important that you read this Owner's Manual carefully and completely before making your first trip. The Owner's Manual contains useful information and many tips on how to operate, handle, and maintain your motorcycle. Only then will you find out how to customize the vehicle ideally for your own use and how you can protect yourself from injury.

Keep the Owner's Manual in an accessible place to enable you to refer to it as needed.

If you would like to know more about the vehicle or have questions on the material you read, please contact an authorized KTM dealer. The Owner's Manual is an important component of the vehicle and must be handed over to the new owner if the vehicle is sold.

3.1 Manufacturer and implied warranty

The work specified in the service schedule may only be performed in an authorized KTM workshop and must be recorded in both the Service & Warranty Booklet and in **KTM Dealer.net**, otherwise any warranty coverage will become void. Damage or secondary damage caused by tampering with and/or conversions on the vehicle are not covered by the warranty.

Additional information on the manufacturer or implied warranty and the procedures involved can be found in the Service & Warranty Booklet.

3.2 Operating and auxiliary substances



Warning

Environmental hazard Improper handling of fuel is a danger to the environment.

Do not allow fuel to enter the groundwater, the soil, or the sewage system.

Use operating and auxiliary substances (such as fuel and lubricants) as specified in the Owner's Manual.

3.3 Spare parts, accessories

For your own safety, only use spare parts and accessory products that are approved and/or recommended by KTM and have them installed by an authorized KTM workshop. KTM accepts no liability for other products and any resulting damage or loss. Certain spare parts and accessory products are specified in parentheses in the descriptions. Your authorized KTM dealer will be glad to advise you.

The current KTM PowerParts for your vehicle can be found on the KTM website.

International KTM Website: http://www.ktm.com

3.4 Service

A prerequisite for perfect operation and prevention of premature wear is that the service, care, and tuning work on the engine and chassis is properly carried out as described in the Owner's Manual. Incorrect adjustment and tuning of the engine and chassis can lead to damage and breakage of components.

Use of the vehicle under difficult conditions, such as on sand or on wet and muddy surfaces, can lead to considerably more rapid wear of components such as the drive train, brake system, or suspension components. For this reason, it may be necessary to inspect or replace parts before the next scheduled service.

It is imperative that you adhere to the stipulated run-in times and service intervals. If you observe these exactly, you will ensure a much longer service life for your motorcycle.

3.5 Figures

The figures contained in the manual may depict special equipment.

In the interest of clarity, some components may be shown disassembled or may not be shown at all. It is not always necessary to disassemble the component to perform the activity in question. Please follow the instructions in the text.

3.6 Customer service

Your authorized KTM dealer will be happy to answer any questions you may have on your vehicle and KTM.

A list of authorized KTM dealers can be found on the KTM website.

International KTM Website: http://www.ktm.com

4.1 View of vehicle, front left (example)



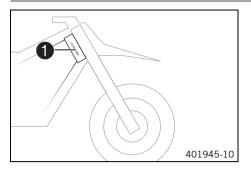
1	Hand brake lever (♀ p. 17)
2	Clutch lever (p. 17)
3	Filler cap
4	Side stand (p. 21)
5	Engine number (🕮 p. 15)
6	Shift lever (🕮 p. 20)

4.2 View of vehicle, rear right (example)



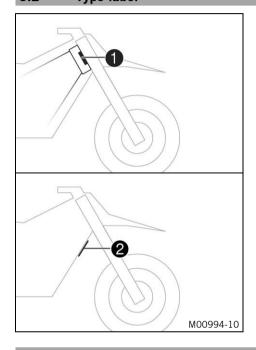
1	Light switch (Pp. 17)
1	Turn signal switch (🕮 p. 18)
1	Horn button (🕮 p. 17)
2	Emergency OFF switch (🕮 p. 18)
2	Electric starter button (🕮 p. 18)
3	Throttle grip (🕮 p. 17)
4	Chassis number (🕮 p. 15)
4	Type label (p. 15)
5	Fork part number (🕮 p. 16)
6	Foot brake lever (🕮 p. 21)
7	Shock absorber article number (🕮 p. 16)

5.1 Chassis number



The chassis number 1 is stamped on the steering head on the right.

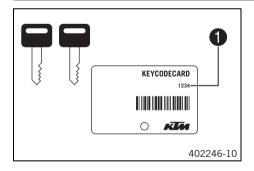
5.2 Type label



The type label 1 is fixed to the front of the steering head.

The additional type label for Canada **2** is fixed to the front of the front pipe.

5.3 Key number



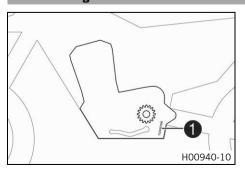
Key number 1 for the ignition and steering lock is indicated on the **KEYCODECARD**.



Info

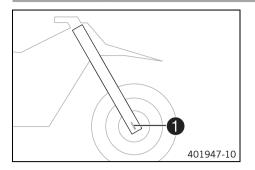
You need the key number to order a replacement key. Keep the **KEYCODECARD** in a safe place.

5.4 Engine number



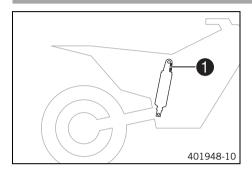
Engine number 1 is embossed on the left side of the engine behind the shift lever.

5.5 Fork part number



The fork part number 1 is stamped on the inner side of the fork stub.

5.6 Shock absorber article number



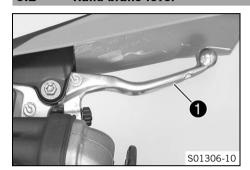
Shock absorber article number 1 is stamped on the top of the shock absorber above the adjusting ring towards the engine side.

6.1 Clutch lever



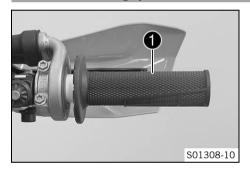
The clutch lever **1** is fitted on the left side of the handlebar. The clutch is hydraulically operated and self-adjusting.

6.2 Hand brake lever



The hand brake lever **1** is fitted on the right side of the handlebar. The hand brake lever is used to activate the front brake.

6.3 Throttle grip



The throttle grip 1 is fitted on the right side of the handlebar.

6.4 Horn button



The horn button 1 is fitted on the left side of the handlebar.

Possible states

- Horn button in neutral position
- Horn button pressed The horn is operated in this position.

6.5 Light switch



The light switch 1 is fitted on the left side of the handlebar.

Possible states

Low beam on – The light switch is turned downward. In this position, the low beam and tail light are switched on.
High beam on – The light switch is turned upward. In this position, the high beam and the tail light are switched on.

6.6 Turn signal switch



Turn signal switch 1 is fitted on the left side of the handlebar.

Possible states

	Turn signal light off
4	Turn signal light, left, on – The turn signal switch is pressed to the left. The turn signal switch returns to the middle position after activation.
\Rightarrow	Turn signal light, right, on – The turn signal switch is pressed to the right. The turn signal switch returns to the middle position after activation.

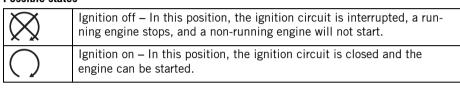
To switch off the turn signal, press the turn signal switch toward the switch housing.

6.7 Emergency OFF switch



The emergency OFF switch 1 is fitted on the right side of the handlebar.

Possible states



6.8 Electric starter button



The electric starter button **1** is fitted on the right side of the handlebar.

Possible states

- Electric starter button (3) in basic position
- Electric starter button ③ is pressed In this position, the electric starter is actuated.

6.9 Indicator lamps overview



Possible states

≣ D	The high beam indicator lamp lights up blue – The high beam is switched on.
EFI C	Malfunction indicator lamp lights up/flashes yellow – The <u>OBD</u> has detected an emission- or safety-critical fault.
₽)	The fuel level warning lamp lights up yellow – The fuel level has reached the reserve mark.
(+ + +)	Turn signal indicator lamp flashes green – The turn signal is switched on.

6.10 Ignition lock



The ignition lock

is located to the right of the speedometer.

Possible states

\bigotimes	Ignition off – In this position, the ignition circuit is interrupted, a running engine stops, and a non-running engine will not start.
	Ignition on – In this position, the ignition circuit is closed and the engine can be started.

6.11 Opening the filler cap



Danger

Fire hazard Fuel is highly flammable.

The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and can escape if overfilled.

- Do not refuel the vehicle in the vicinity of open flames or lit cigarettes.
- Switch off the engine for refueling.
- Make sure that no fuel is spilled; particularly not on hot parts of the vehicle.
- If any fuel is spilled, wipe it off immediately.
- Observe the specifications for refueling.



Warning

Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
- Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
- Do not inhale fuel vapors.
- In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
- Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
- Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.
- Keep fuels correctly in a suitable canister, and out of the reach of children.



Warning

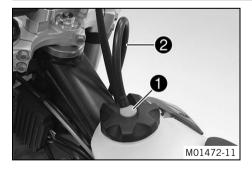
Environmental hazard Improper handling of fuel is a danger to the environment.

- Do not allow fuel to enter the groundwater, the soil, or the sewage system.



- Press release button 1, turn the filler cap counterclockwise, and lift it off.

6.12 Closing the filler cap



- Fit the filler cap and turn clockwise until release button 1 locks in place.

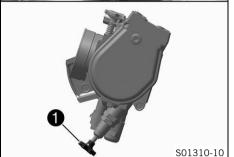


Info

Route fuel tank breather hose **2** without kinks.

6.13 Cold start button





Cold start button 1 is fitted on the bottom of the throttle valve body.

The injection system extends the injection time if the engine is cold and the outside temperature is low. To help the engine burn the increased amount of fuel, it must be supplied with additional oxygen by pushing the cold start button.

After briefly opening up the throttle and then releasing the throttle grip again, or turning the throttle grip towards the front, the cold start button returns to its original position.



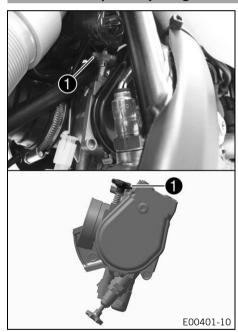
Info

Check whether the cold start button has returned to its basic position.

Possible states

- The cold start button is activated The cold start button is pushed in all the way.
- The cold start button is deactivated The cold start button is in its basic position.

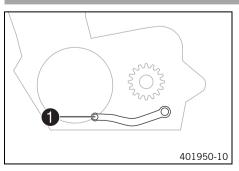
6.14 Idle speed adjusting screw



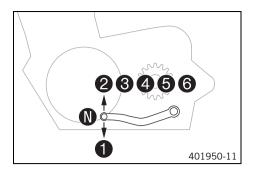
The idle setting of the throttle valve body has a big influence on the vehicle's starting behavior, on stable idling, and on vehicle response when the throttle is opened. An engine with a correctly set idle speed is easier to start than an engine with the idle speed set incorrectly.

The idle speed is adjusted using the idle speed adjusting screw ①. Increase the idle speed by turning the idle speed adjusting screw clockwise. Decrease the idle speed by turning the idle speed adjusting screw counterclockwise.

6.15 Shift lever



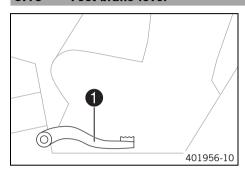
The shift lever **1** is fitted on the left side of the engine.



The gear positions can be seen in the photograph.

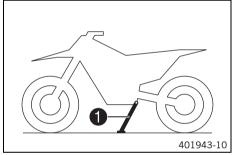
The neutral or idle position is between the first and second gears.

6.16 Foot brake lever

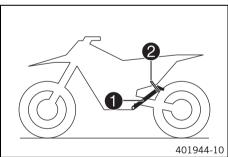


The foot brake lever **1** is attached in front of the right footrest. The foot brake lever is used to activate the rear brake.

6.17 Side stand



The side stand **1** is attached to the left side of the vehicle.



The side stand is used to park the motorcycle.



Info

When you are riding, the side stand 1 must be folded up and secured with the rubber band 2.

6.18 Steering lock



Steering lock 1 is fitted on the left side of the steering head.

The steering lock is used to lock the steering. Steering, and therefore riding, is no longer possible.

6.19 Locking the steering

Note

Danger of damage The parked vehicle can roll away or fall over.

Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.



- Park the vehicle.
- Turn the handlebar as far as possible to the right.
- Grease steering lock regularly.

Universal oil spray (🕮 p. 127)

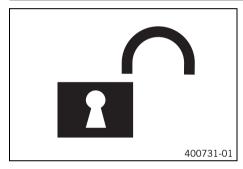
- Insert the key in the steering lock (\bigcirc p. 21), turn it to the left, press it in, and turn it to the right. Remove the key.
 - ✓ Steering is no longer possible.



Info

Never leave the key in the steering lock.

6.20 Unlocking the steering



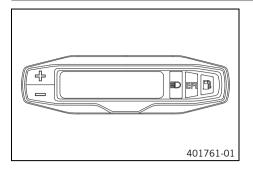
✓ You can now steer the bike again.



Info

Never leave the key in the steering lock.

7.1 Speedometer overview



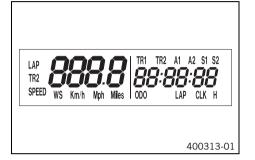
- Press the button + to control different functions.
- Press the button = to control different functions.

i

Info

When the vehicle is delivered, only the **SPEED/H** and **SPEED/0D0** display modes are activated.

7.2 Activation and test



Activating the speedometer

The speedometer is activated when one of the buttons is pressed or an impulse comes from the wheel speed sensor.

Display test

To enable you to check that the display is functioning properly, all display segments light up briefly.



WS (wheel size)

After the display function check, the wheel size **WS** is displayed briefly.



Info

The number 2205 equals the circumference of the 21" front wheel with standard tires.

The display then changes to the last selected mode.

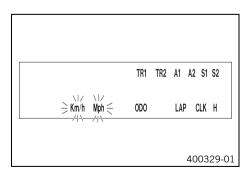
7.3 Setting kilometers or miles



Info

If you change the unit, the value **000** is retained and converted accordingly.

The values TR1, TR2, A1, A2 and S1 are cleared when the unit of measure is changed.



Condition

The motorcycle is stationary.

- Press the button

 for 2–3 seconds.
 - ✓ The Setup menu is displayed and the active functions are shown.

Setting the Km/h

Press the button ±.

Setting the Mph

- Press the button ■.
- Wait 3–5 seconds
 - The settings are stored.



Info

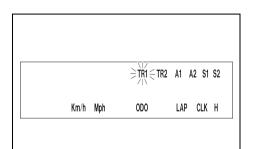
If no button is pressed for 10 - 12 seconds, or if an impulse comes from the wheel speed sensor, the settings are automatically saved and the setup menu is closed.

7.4 Setting the speedometer functions



Info

When the vehicle is delivered, only the SPEED/H and SPEED/ODO display modes are activated.



Condition

The motorcycle is stationary.

- Press the button

 for 2–3 seconds.
 - ✓ The Setup menu is displayed and the active functions are shown.



400318-01

Info

If no button is pressed for 10-12 seconds, the settings are automatically saved.

If no button is pressed for 20 seconds, or if an impulse comes from the wheel speed sensor, the settings are automatically saved and the setup menu is closed.

- - ✓ The selected function flashes.

Activating the function

- Press the button ±.
 - The symbol continues to appear in the display and the next function appears.

Deactivating a function

- Press the button =.
 - ✓ The symbol disappears in the display and the next function appears.

7.5 Setting the clock



Condition

The motorcycle is stationary.

- Repeatedly press the button

 briefly until CLK appears at the bottom right of the display.
- Press the button

 for 2–3 seconds.
 - ✓ The hour display flashes.
- Wait 3-5 seconds
 - ✓ The next segment of the display flashes and can be set.
- You can set the following segments in the same way as the hours by pressing the button + and the button -.



Info

The seconds can only be set to zero.

If no button is pressed for 15-20 seconds, or if an impulse comes from the wheel speed sensor, the settings are automatically saved and the setup menu is closed.

7.6 Viewing the lap time

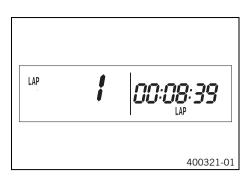


Info

This function can only be opened if lap times have actually been timed.

Condition

The motorcycle is stationary.



25

- Briefly press the button +.
 - ✓ LAP 1 appears on the left side of the display.
- The laps 1–10 can be viewed with the button ■.
- Press and hold the button + for 3-5 seconds.
 - ✓ The lap times are deleted.
- Briefly press the button +.
 - ✓ Next display mode



Info

When an impulse is received from the wheel speed sensor, the left side of the display changes back to the **SPEED** mode.

7.7 Display mode SPEED (speed)



 Repeatedly press the button # briefly until SPEED appears on the left side of the display.

The current speed is displayed in the **SPEED** display mode.

The current speed can be displayed in Km/h or Mph.

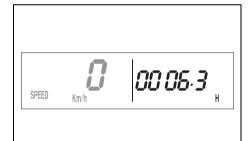


Info

Making the setting according to the country.

When an impulse comes from the front wheel, the left side of the speedometer display changes to the **SPEED** mode and the current speed is shown.

7.8 Display mode SPEED/H (service hours)



Condition

- The motorcycle is stationary.

In display mode **H**, the service hours of the engine are displayed.

The service hour counter stores the total traveling time.



400316-01

Info

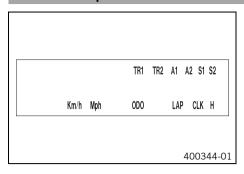
The service hour counter is necessary for ensuring that service work is carried out at the right intervals.

If the speedometer is in **H** display mode at the start of the journey, it automatically changes to the **0DO** display mode.

The **H** display mode is suppressed during the journey.

Press the button + for 2–3 seconds.	The display changes to the Setup menu of the speedometer functions.
Briefly press the button +.	Next display mode
Press the button = for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button —.	No function

7.9 Setup menu



Condition

- The motorcycle is stationary.
- Repeatedly press the button # briefly until # appears at the bottom right of the display.
- Press the button

 for 2–3 seconds.

The Setup menu displays the active functions.

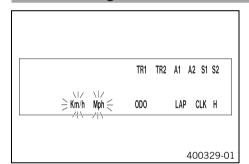


Info

Repeatedly press the button \mp briefly until the desired function is reached. If no button is pressed for 20 seconds, the settings are automatically saved.

Briefly press the button ∓.	Activates the flashing display and changes to the next display
Press the button # for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button =.	Deactivates the flashing display and changes to the next display
Press the button = for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Wait 3-5 seconds	Changes to the next display without changes
Wait 10-12 seconds	Setup menu starts, stores the settings, and changes to H or ODO .

7.10 Setting the unit of measurement



Condition

- The motorcycle is stationary.
- Press the button

 for 2–3 seconds.

In measurement unit mode, you can change the unit of measurement.



Info

If no button is pressed for 5 seconds, the settings are automatically saved.

Briefly press the button +.	Starts selection, activates Km/h display
Press the button + for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button =.	Activates Mph display
Press the button for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Wait 3-5 seconds	Changes to the next display, changes from selection to the Setup menu
Wait 10-12 seconds	Saves and closes the Setup menu

7.11 Display mode SPEED/CLK (time)



Repeatedly press the button
 ■ briefly until CLK appears at the bottom right of the display.

The time is shown in display mode **CLK**.

Press the button + for 2–3 seconds.	The display changes to the Setup menu of the clock.
Briefly press the button +.	Next display mode
Press the button — for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button =.	No function

7.12 Setting the clock



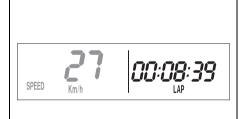
Condition

- The motorcycle is stationary.
- Press the button

 for 2–3 seconds.

Press the button + for 2–3 seconds.	Increases the value
Briefly press the button +.	Increases the value
Press the button = for 2–3 seconds.	Reduces the value
Briefly press the button —.	Reduces the value
Wait 3-5 seconds	Changes to the next value
Wait 10-12 seconds	Closes the SETUP menu

7.13 Display mode SPEED/LAP (lap time)



Repeatedly press the button
 ■ briefly until LAP appears at the bottom right of the display.

In the **LAP** display mode, up to 10 lap times can be timed with the stop watch.



400320-01

Info

If the lap time continues running after the button \blacksquare is pressed, 9 memory locations are occupied.

Lap 10 must be timed using the button \pm .

Press the button + for 2–3 seconds.	The stop watch and the lap time are reset.
Briefly press the button +.	Next display mode
Press the button — for 2–3 seconds.	Stops the clock.
Briefly press the button =.	Starts the stop watch or stop the current lap time measurement, stores it and the stop watch starts the next lap.

7.14 Viewing the lap time



Condition

- The motorcycle is stationary.
- Briefly press the button ±.

Press the button + for 2–3 seconds.	The stop watch and the lap time are reset.
Briefly press the button +.	Select a lap from 1–10
Press the button = for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button =.	View the next lap time.

7.15 Display mode SPEED/ODO (odometer)



The total traveled distance is shown in display mode **ODO**.

Press the button + for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button +.	Next display mode
Press the button = for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button .	No function

7.16 Display mode SPEED/TR1 (trip master 1)



TR1 (trip master 1) runs constantly and counts up to 999.9.

You can use it to measure trips or the distance between refueling stops.

TR1 is coupled with A1 (average speed 1) and S1 (stop watch 1).



400323-01

Info

If 999.9 is exceeded, the values of $\mathbf{TR1}$, $\mathbf{A1}$ and $\mathbf{S1}$ are automatically reset to 0.0.

Press the button \pm for 2–3 seconds.	Displays of TR1, A1 and S1 are reset to 0,0.
Briefly press the button +.	Next display mode
Press the button — for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button —.	No function

7.17 Display mode SPEED/TR2 (trip master 2)



TR2 (trip master 2) runs constantly and counts up to 999.9.

Press the button + for 2–3 seconds.	Clears the values TR2 and A2.
Briefly press the button +.	Next display mode
Press the button — for 2–3 seconds.	Reduces value of TR2.
Briefly press the button =.	Reduces value of TR2.

7.18 Setting TR2 (trip master 2)



Condition

- The motorcycle is stationary.
- Repeatedly press the button

 briefly until TR2 appears at the top right of the display.

The displayed value can be set manually with the button \pm and the button \equiv . This is a very practical function when riding using the road book.



Info

The **TR2** value can also be corrected manually during the journey with the button \mp and the button \equiv .

If 999.9 is exceeded, the value of TR2 is automatically reset to 0.0.

Press the button + for 2–3 seconds.	Increases value of TR2.
Briefly press the button +.	Increases value of TR2.
Press the button = for 2–3 seconds.	Reduces value of TR2.
Briefly press the button =.	Reduces value of TR2.
Wait 10–12 seconds	Saves and closes the Setup menu

7.19 Display mode SPEED/A1 (average speed 1)



- Repeatedly press the button

 briefly until A1 appears at the top right of the display.
- **A1** (average speed 1) shows the average speed calculated using **TR1** (trip master 1) and **S1** (stop watch 1).

The calculation of this value is activated by the first impulse of the wheel speed sensor and ends 3 seconds after the last impulse.

Press the button # for 2–3 seconds.	Displays of TR1, A1 and S1 are reset to 0,0.
Briefly press the button $+$.	Next display mode
Press the button = for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button =.	No function

7.20 Display mode SPEED/A2 (average speed 2)



Repeatedly press the button

 briefly until A2 appears at the top right of the display.

A2 (average speed 2) shows the average speed on the basis of the current speed if the stop watch **S2** (stop watch 2) is running.



Info

The displayed value can differ from the actual average speed if **\$2** was not stopped after the ride.

Briefly press the button +.	Next display mode
Press the button + for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Press the button = for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button —.	No function

7.21 Display mode SPEED/S1 (stop watch 1)



- **\$1** (Stop watch 1) shows the riding time based on **TR1** and continues running as soon as an impulse arrives from the wheel speed sensor.

The calculation of this value starts with the first impulse from the wheel speed sensor and ends 3 seconds after the last impulse.

Press the button \pm for 2–3 seconds.	Displays of TR1, A1 and S1 are reset to 0,0.
Briefly press the button +.	Next display mode
Press the button = for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button —.	No function

7.22 Display mode SPEED/S2 (stop watch 2)



- Repeatedly press the button # briefly until S2 appears at the top right of the display.
- \$2 (Stop watch 2) is a manual stop watch.

If **\$2** is running in the background, the display **\$2** flashes on the speedometer.

Press the button + for 2–3 seconds.	The displays of S2 and A2 are set to 0,0.
Briefly press the button +.	Next display mode
Press the button = for 2–3 seconds.	No function
Briefly press the button =.	Starts or stops \$2 .

7.23 Table of functions

Display	Press the button + for 2–3 seconds.	Briefly press the button ₩.	Press the button for 2–3 seconds.	Briefly press the button =.	Wait 3–5 seconds	Wait 10–12 seconds
Display mode SPEED/H (service hours)	The display changes to the Setup menu of the speedometer functions.	Next display mode	No function	No function		
Setup menu	No function	Activates the flashing display and changes to the next display	No function	Deactivates the flashing display and changes to the next display	Changes to the next display without changes	Setup menu starts, stores the settings, and changes to H or ODO .
Setting the unit of measurement	No function	Starts selection, activates Km/h display	No function	Activates Mph display	Changes to the next display, changes from selection to the Setup menu	Saves and closes the Setup menu
Display mode SPEED/CLK (time)	The display changes to the Setup menu of the clock.	Next display mode	No function	No function		
Setting the clock	Increases the value	Increases the value	Reduces the value	Reduces the value	Changes to the next value	Closes the SETUP menu
Display mode SPEED/LAP (lap time)	The stop watch and the lap time are reset.	Next display mode	Stops the clock.	Starts the stop watch or stop the current lap time measure- ment, stores it and the stop watch starts the next lap.		
Viewing the lap time	The stop watch and the lap time are reset.	Select a lap from 1–10	No function	View the next lap time.		
Display mode SPEED/ODO (odometer)	No function	Next display mode	No function	No function		
Display mode SPEED/TR1 (trip master 1)	Displays of TR1, A1 and S1 are reset to 0,0.	Next display mode	No function	No function		
Display mode SPEED/TR2 (trip master 2)	Clears the values TR2 and A2 .	Next display mode	Reduces value of TR2 .	Reduces value of TR2 .		
Setting TR2 (trip master 2)	Increases value of TR2.	Increases value of TR2.	Reduces value of TR2 .	Reduces value of TR2 .		Saves and closes the Setup menu
Display mode SPEED/A1 (average speed 1)	Displays of TR1, A1 and S1 are reset to 0,0.	Next display mode	No function	No function		
Display mode SPEED/A2 (average speed 2)	No function	Next display mode	No function	No function		
Display mode SPEED/S1 (stop watch 1)	Displays of TR1, A1 and S1 are reset to 0,0.	Next display mode	No function	No function		
Display mode SPEED/S2 (stop watch 2)	The displays of S2 and A2 are set to 0,0.	Next display mode	No function	Starts or stops \$2 .		

7.24 Table of conditions and menu activation

Display	The motorcycle is stationary.	Menu can be acti- vated
Display mode SPEED/H (service hours)	•	
Setup menu	•	
Setting the unit of measurement	•	
Setting the clock	•	
Display mode SPEED/LAP (lap time)		•
Viewing the lap time	•	
Display mode SPEED/TR1 (trip master 1)		•
Display mode SPEED/TR2 (trip master 2)		•
Setting TR2 (trip master 2)	•	
Display mode SPEED/A1 (average speed 1)		•
Display mode SPEED/A2 (average speed 2)		•
Display mode SPEED/S1 (stop watch 1)		•
Display mode SPEED/S2 (stop watch 2)		•

8.1 Advice on first use



Danger

Danger of accidents A rider who is not fit to ride poses a danger to him or herself and others.

- Do not operate the vehicle if you are not fit to ride due to alcohol, drugs or medication.
- Do not operate the vehicle if you are physically or mentally impaired.



Warning

Risk of injury Missing or poor protective clothing presents an increased safety risk.

- Wear appropriate protective clothing such as helmet, boots, gloves as well as trousers and a jacket with protectors on all rides
- Always wear protective clothing that is in good condition and meets the legal regulations.



Warning

Danger of crashing Different tire tread patterns on the front and rear wheel impair the handling characteristic.

Different tire tread patterns can make the vehicle significantly more difficult to control.

Make sure that only tires with a similar tire tread pattern are fitted to the front and rear wheel.



Warning

Danger of accidents An unadapted riding style impairs the handling characteristic.

- Adapt your riding speed to the road conditions and your riding ability.



Warning

Danger of accidents The vehicle is not designed to carry passengers.

Do not ride with a passenger.



Warning

Danger of accidents The brake system fails in the event of overheating.

If the foot brake lever is not released, the brake linings drag continuously.

- Take your foot off the foot brake lever when you are not braking.



Warning

Danger of accidents Total weight and axle loads influence the handling characteristic.

- Do not exceed the maximum permissible overall weight or the axle loads.



Warning

Risk of misappropriation People who act without authorization endanger themselves and others.

- Do not leave the vehicle unattended if the engine is running.
- Protect the vehicle against access by unauthorized persons.



Info

When using your motorcycle, remember that others may feel disturbed by excessive noise.

- Make sure that the pre-delivery inspection work has been carried out by an authorized KTM workshop.
 - ✓ You receive a delivery certificate and the Service and Warranty Booklet at vehicle handover.
- Before your first trip, read the entire Owner's Manual carefully.
- Get to know the controls.
- Adjust the basic position of the clutch lever. (p. 78)
- Adjust the basic position of the foot brake lever. ዺ (興 p. 85)
- Adjust the basic position of the shift lever. ♣ (♥ p. 109)
- Get used to handling the motorcycle on a suitable piece of land before undertaking a more challenging trip.



Info

When off road, it is recommended that you are accompanied by another person on another vehicle so that you can help each other.

- Try also to ride as slowly as possible and in a standing position to get a better feeling for the motorcycle.
- Do not make any off-road trips that exceed your ability and experience.
- Hold the handlebar firmly with both hands and keep your feet on the footrests when riding.
- If you carry any luggage, make sure you fix it firmly as close as possible to the center of the vehicle and ensure even weight distribution between the front and rear wheels.



Info

Motorcycles react sensitively to any changes of weight distribution.

- Do not exceed maximum permissible weight and maximum permissible axle loads.

Guideline

Maximum permissible overall weight	335 kg (739 lb.)	
Maximum permissible front axle load	145 kg (320 lb.)	
Maximum permissible rear axle load	190 kg (419 lb.)	



Info

The spoke tension must be checked after half an hour of operation.

- Run in the engine. (🕮 p. 34)

8.2 Running-in the engine

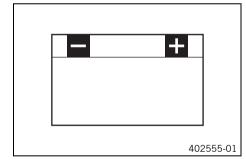
- During the running-in phase, do not exceed the specified engine speed and engine performance.

Guideline

Maximum engine speed		
During the first operating hour 7,000 rpm		
Maximum engine performance		
During the first 3 operating hours	≤ 75 %	

Avoid fully opening the throttle!

8.3 Starting power of lithium-ion batteries at low temperatures



Lithium-ion batteries are far lighter than lead batteries, have a low self-discharge rate, and have more starting power at temperatures over $15\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ (60 $^{\circ}\text{F}$). At low temperatures, however, the starting power of lithium-ion batteries drops to below that of lead batteries.

Multiple starting attempts may be needed. Press the electric starter button for 5 seconds, and wait 30 seconds between attempts. The pauses are necessary so that the created heat can distribute through the lithium-ion battery and the battery is not damaged.

If the charged lithium-ion battery does not or only weakly turns over the electric starter when temperatures are below $15\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ (60 °F), then the battery is not faulty, but needs to be warmed up internally to increase its starting power (current output).

The starting power increases as the battery warms up.

8.4 Preparing the vehicle for difficult riding conditions



Info

Use of the vehicle under difficult conditions, such as on sand or on wet and muddy surfaces, can lead to considerably more rapid wear of components such as the drive train, brake system, or suspension components. For this reason, it may be necessary to inspect or replace parts before the next scheduled service.

- Clean the air filter and air filter box. ♣ (♀ p. 67)



Info

Check the air filter approx. every 30 minutes.

- Check the connector for humidity and corrosion and to ensure it is firmly seated.
 - » If humidity, corrosion, or damage is found:

- Clean and dry the connector, or change it if necessary.

Difficult riding conditions are:

- Rides on wet sand. (
 p. 35)

- Rides at low temperature or in snow. (@p. 37)

8.5 Preparing for rides on dry sand



Fit a dust cover on the air filter.

Dust cover for air filter (79006920000)



Info

See the KTM PowerParts fitting instructions.



Fit a sand cover on the air filter.

Sand cover for air filter (79006922000)



Info

See the KTM PowerParts fitting instructions.



- Clean the chain.

Chain cleaner (🕮 p. 127)

- Fit the steel sprocket.



Tip

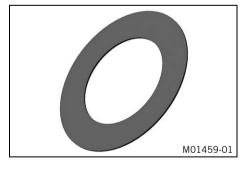
Do not grease the chain.

- Clean the radiator fins.
- Straighten bent radiator fins carefully.



Change the clutch spring.

Clutch spring, hard (78932005000)



8.6 Preparing for rides on wet sand



- Fit a waterproofing device on the air filter.

Waterproofing device for air filter (79006921000)



Info

See the KTM PowerParts fitting instructions.



M01459-01

- Clean the chain.

Chain cleaner (🕮 p. 127)

Fit the steel sprocket.



Tip

Do not grease the chain.

- Clean the radiator fins.
- Straighten bent radiator fins carefully.

(450 EXC-F Six Days US)

- Change the clutch spring. 4

Clutch spring, hard (78932005000)

8.7 Preparing for rides on wet and muddy surfaces



Fit a waterproofing device on the air filter.

Waterproofing device for air filter (79006921000)

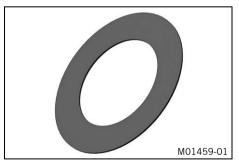


Info

See the KTM PowerParts fitting instructions.



- Fit the steel sprocket.
- Clean the motorcycle. (
 p. 114)
- Straighten bent radiator fins carefully.



(450 EXC-F Six Days US)

Change the clutch spring.

Clutch spring, hard (78932005000)

8.8 Preparing for rides at high temperature and slow speed



Adjust the secondary drive to the road conditions.



Info

The engine oil heats up quickly when the clutch is operated frequently due to an excessively high secondary drive.

- Clean the chain.

Chain cleaner (🕮 p. 127)

- Clean the radiator fins.
- Straighten bent radiator fins carefully.

8.9 Preparing for rides at low temperature or in snow



Fit a waterproofing device on the air filter.

Waterproofing device for air filter (79006921000)



nfo

See the KTM PowerParts fitting instructions.

9.1 Checks and maintenance measures when preparing for use



Info

Before every trip, check the condition of the vehicle and ensure that it is safe to operate. The vehicle must be in perfect technical condition when it is being operated.

- Check the engine oil level. (\$\mathbb{Q}\$ p. 110)
- Check the electrical system.
- Check the brake fluid level of the front brake. (@ p. 82)

- Check that the brake system is functioning properly.
- Check the coolant level. (p. 104)
- Check the chain, rear sprocket, motor sprocket, and chain guide. (p. 75)
- Check the tire condition. (\$\omega\$ p. 93)
- Check the tire air pressure. (p. 93)



Info

The spoke tension must be checked regularly as incorrect spoke tension will strongly impair riding safety.

- Clean the dust boots of the fork legs. (p. 53)
- Bleed the fork legs. (
 p. 53)
- Check the air filter.
- Check the settings of all controls and ensure that they can be operated smoothly.
- Check all screws, nuts, and hose clamps regularly for tightness.
- Check the fuel level.

9.2 Starting



Danger

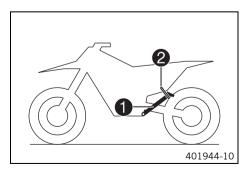
Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use an effective exhaust extraction system when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.

Note

Engine damage High revving speed with a cold engine negatively impacts the lifespan of the engine.

Always run the engine warm at a low speed.

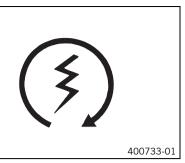


- Take the motorcycle off side stand 1 and secure the side stand with rubber band 2.
- Shift transmission to neutral.
- Turn the key in the ignition lock to the position ○.
- Turn the emergency OFF switch to the position ○.

Condition

Ambient temperature: < 20 °C (< 68 °F)

Push the cold start button in all the way.



Press the electric starter button



Info

Press the electric starter button for a maximum of 5 seconds. Wait for 30 seconds before a further attempt at starting.

At temperatures below $15\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ (60 °F), several attempts at starting may be necessary to warm-up the lithium-ion battery and thereby increase the starting power.

During the starting process, the malfunction indicator lamp lights up.

9.3 Starting off



Info

While riding, the side stand must be folded up and secured with the rubber band.

Pull the clutch lever, shift into first gear, release the clutch lever slowly and at the same time open the throttle gently.

9.4 Shifting, riding



Warning

Danger of accidents If you change down at high engine speed, the rear wheel blocks and the engine races.

- Do not change into a low gear at high engine speed.



Info

If unusual noises occur while riding, stop immediately, switch off the engine and contact an authorized KTM workshop. First gear is used for starting off or for steep inclines.

- When conditions allow (incline, road situation, etc.), you can shift into a higher gear. To do so, release the throttle while simultaneously pulling the clutch lever, shift into the next gear, release the clutch, and open the throttle.
- After reaching maximum speed by fully opening the throttle grip, turn the throttle back so it is 3/4 open. This will barely reduce the speed but fuel consumption will be considerably lower.
- Always open the throttle only as much as the engine can handle abrupt throttle opening increases fuel consumption.
- To shift down, apply the brakes and close the throttle at the same time.
- Pull the clutch lever and shift into a lower gear, release the clutch lever slowly, and open the throttle or shift again.
- Switch off the engine if you expect to be standing for a long time.

Guideline

≥ 2 min

- Avoid frequent and longer slipping of the clutch. As a result the engine oil, engine and cooling system heat up.
- Ride with a lower engine speed instead of with a high engine speed and a slipping clutch.

9.5 Braking



Warning

Danger of accidents Excessively forceful application of the brakes blocks the wheels.

Adjust application of the brakes to the respective riding situation and riding surface conditions.



Warning

Danger of accidents A spongy pressure point on the front or rear brake reduces braking efficiency.

 Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Warning

Danger of accidents Moisture and dirt impair the brake system.

- Brake carefully several times to dry out and remove dirt from the brake linings and the brake discs.
- On sandy, wet or slippery surfaces, use the rear brake.

- Braking should always be completed before you go into a bend. Change down to a lower gear appropriate to your road speed.
- Make use of the braking effect of the engine when driving down long downhill stretches. To do so, shift back one or two gears, but
 do not overrev the engine. You will need to apply the brakes far less often and the brake system will not overheat.

9.6 Stopping, parking



Warning

Risk of misappropriation People who act without authorization endanger themselves and others.

- Do not leave the vehicle unattended if the engine is running.
- Protect the vehicle against access by unauthorized persons.



Warning

Danger of burns Some vehicle components become very hot when the vehicle is operated.

- Do not touch any parts such as the exhaust system, radiator, engine, shock absorber, or brake system before the vehicle parts have cooled down.
- Let the vehicle parts cool down before you perform any work on the vehicle.

Note

Fire hazard Hot vehicle components pose a fire hazard and explosion risk.

- Do not park the vehicle near to materials which are highly flammable or explosive.
- Allow the vehicle to cool down before covering it.

Note

Material damage The vehicle may be damaged by incorrect procedure when parking.

Significant damage may be caused if the vehicle rolls away or falls over.

The components for parking the vehicle are designed only for the weight of the vehicle.

- Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.
- Ensure that nobody sits on the vehicle when the vehicle is parked on a stand.
- Apply the brakes on the motorcycle.
- Shift transmission to neutral.
- Park the motorcycle on firm ground.

9.7 Transport

Note

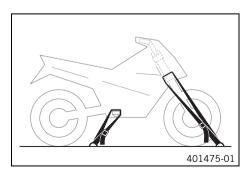
Danger of damage The parked vehicle can roll away or fall over.

- Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.

Note

Fire hazard Hot vehicle components pose a fire hazard and explosion risk.

- Do not park the vehicle near to materials which are highly flammable or explosive.
- Allow the vehicle to cool down before covering it.



- Switch off the engine.
- Use tension belts or other suitable devices to secure the motorcycle against accidents or falling over.

9.8 Refueling



Danger

Fire hazard Fuel is highly flammable.

The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and can escape if overfilled.

- Do not refuel the vehicle in the vicinity of open flames or lit cigarettes.
- Switch off the engine for refueling.
- Make sure that no fuel is spilled; particularly not on hot parts of the vehicle.
- If any fuel is spilled, wipe it off immediately.
- Observe the specifications for refueling.



Warning

Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
- Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
- Do not inhale fuel vapors.
- In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
- Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
- Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.

Note

Material damage Inadequate fuel quality causes the fuel filter to quickly become clogged.

In some countries and regions, the available fuel quality and cleanliness may not be sufficient. This will result in problems with the fuel system.

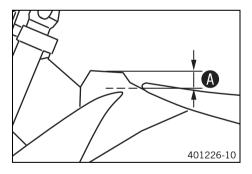
- Refuel only with clean fuel that meets the specified standards. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Warning

Environmental hazard Improper handling of fuel is a danger to the environment.

Do not allow fuel to enter the groundwater, the soil, or the sewage system.



- Switch off engine.
- Open the filler cap. (
 p. 19)
- Fill the fuel tank with fuel up to measurement (A).
 Guideline

Measurement of A		35 mm (1.38 in)		
Total fuel tank capacity, approx.	8.5 l (2.25 US gal)	Super unleaded (ROZ 95/RON 95/PON 91) (🕮 p. 126)		

- Close the filler cap. (🕮 p. 19)

10.1 Additional information

Any further work that results from the required work or from the recommended work must be ordered separately and can be invoiced separately.

10.2 Required work

10.2 Required work				
Ev	ery 45	opera	ting h	ours
Every 30 operating hours	s/after	every	race	
Every 15 oper	rating h	ours		
Once after 1 operating	g hour			
Read out the fault memory using the KTM diagnostics tool.	0	•	•	•
Check that the electrical system is functioning properly.	0	•	•	•
Check and charge the battery. ◀		•	•	•
Check the front brake linings. (🕮 p. 83)		•	•	•
Check the rear brake linings. (p. 87)		•	•	•
Check the brake discs. (p. 81)		•	•	•
Check the brake lines for damage and leakage.		•	•	•
Check the rear brake fluid level. (p. 86)		•	•	•
Check the free travel of the foot brake lever. (p. 85)		•	•	•
Check the frame and swingarm. ❖		•	•	•
Check the swingarm bearing for backlash. ◀			•	
Check the heim joints at the top and bottom of the shock absorber. ◀		•	•	•
Check the tire condition. (p. 93)	0	•	•	•
Check the tire air pressure. (@ p. 93)	0	•	•	•
Check the wheel bearing for play.		•	•	•
Check the wheel hubs. ❖		•	•	•
Check the rim run-out. ❖	0	•	•	•
Check the spoke tension. (p. 94)	0	•	•	•
Check the chain, rear sprocket, motor sprocket, and chain guide. (p. 75)		•	•	•
Check the chain tension. (p. 73)	0	•	•	•
Grease all moving parts (e.g. side stand, hand lever, chain,) and check for smooth operation. ◂		•	•	•
Check/correct the fluid level of the hydraulic clutch. (□ p. 78)		•	•	•
Check the brake fluid level of the front brake. (🕮 p. 82)		•	•	•
Check the free travel of the hand brake lever. (p. 81)		•	•	•
Check the play of the steering head bearing. (🕮 p. 61)	0	•	•	•
Check the valve clearance. ⁴	0		•	
Check the clutch.			•	
Change the engine oil and oil filter and clean the oil screens. ◀ (興 p. 111)	0	•	•	•
Check all hoses (e.g. fuel, cooling, bleeder, drainage, etc.) and sleeves for cracking, leaks, and incorrect routing. ▲	0	•	•	•
Check the antifreeze and coolant level. (p. 103)	0	•	•	•
Check the cables for damage and routing without sharp bends. 🔏		•	•	•
Check that the throttle cables are undamaged, routed without sharp bends, and set correctly.	0	•	•	•
Clean the air filter and air filter box. ◀ (의 p. 67)		•	•	•
Change glass fiber yarn filling in the main silencer. ◀ (의 p. 69)			•	
Check the screws and nuts for tightness. ❖	0	•	•	•
Check the headlight setting. (🕮 p. 101)	0	•	•	•
Change the fuel screen. ◀ (의 p. 110)	0	•	•	•
Check the fuel pressure.		•	•	•
Check idle. ◀	0	•	•	•

	Every 45	opera	nting h	nours
Every 30 operating hours/after every race				
Every 15 operating hours				
	Once after 1 operating hour			
Check that the radiator fan is functioning properly.	0	•	•	•
Check the inlet membrane.				•
Final check: Check the vehicle is roadworthy and take a test ride.	0	•	•	•
Read out the error memory after the test ride using the KTM diagnostics tool.	0	•	•	•
Make the service entry in the KTM Dealer.net and in the Service and Warranty Booklet.	0	•	•	•

- One-time interval
- Periodic interval

10.3 Recommended work

				Ann	ually
Ever	y 135	opera	ating h	ours	
Every 70 operating hours when used	l for m	otors	ports		
Every 45 operating hours/every 10 operating hours when used for n	notors	oorts			
Once after 10 operating I	ours				
Change the front brake fluid. 🔏					•
Change the rear brake fluid. 🔏					•
Change the hydraulic clutch fluid. ◀ (興 p. 79)					•
Lubricate the steering head bearing. ◀ (學 p. 62)					•
Clean the spark arrestor. ◀ (의 p. 68)					•
Service the fork.	0	•	•	•	
Service the shock absorber.		•	•	•	
Change the fuel filter. 🌂				•	
Perform engine service including removing and installing the engine. (Change the spark plug and spark plug connector. Change the piston. Check/measure the cylinder. Check the cylinder head. Change the valves, valve springs, and valve spring seats. Check the camshaft, rocker arm and rocker arm shafts. Change the connecting rod, conrod bearing, and crank pin. Change the shaft seal ring of the water pump. Check the transmission and shift mechanism. Check the oil pressure regulator valve. Change the suction pump. Check the force pump and lubrication system. Check the timing assembly. Change the timing chain. Change all engine bearings. Change the freewheel.)			•	•	

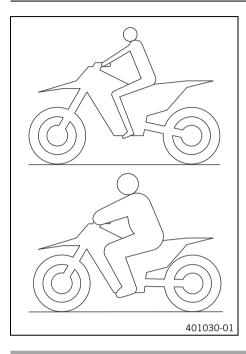
- One-time interval
- Periodic interval

Checking the basic suspension setting against the rider's weight 11.1



Info

When adjusting the basic suspension setting, first adjust the shock absorber and then the fork.



- For optimal motorcycle riding characteristics and to avoid damage to forks, shock absorbers, swingarm and frame, the basic settings of the suspension components must match the rider's weight.
- As delivered, KTM offroad motorcycles are adjusted for a standard rider weight (with full protective clothing).

Guideline

Standard rider weight	75 85 kg (165 187 lb.)

- If the rider's weight is above or below the standard range, the basic setting of the suspension components must be adjusted accordingly.
- Small weight differences can be compensated by adjusting the spring preload, but in the case of large weight differences, the springs must be replaced.

11.2 Compression damping of the shock absorber

The compression damping of the shock absorber is divided into two ranges: high-speed and low-speed.

High-speed and low-speed refer to the compression speed of the rear wheel suspension and not to the vehicle speed.

The high-speed setting, for example, has an effect on the landing after a jump: the rear wheel suspension compresses quickly. The low-speed setting, for example, has an effect when riding over long ground swells: the rear wheel suspension compresses slowly. These two ranges can be adjusted separately, although the transition between high-speed and low-speed is gradual. Thus, changes in the high-speed range affect the compression damping in the low-speed range and vice versa.

11.3 Adjusting the low-speed compression damping of the shock absorber



Caution

Risk of injury Parts of the shock absorber will fly off if the shock absorber is disassembled incorrectly.

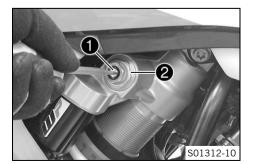
The shock absorber is filled with highly compressed nitrogen.

Please follow the description provided. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Info

The effect of the low-speed setting can be seen in slow to normal compression of the shock absorber.



Turn adjusting screw 1 clockwise with a screwdriver up to the last perceptible click.



Info

Do not loosen fitting **2**!



Turn counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the shock absorber type.

Guideline

Compression damping, low-speed		
Comfort	18 clicks	
Standard	15 clicks	
Sport	12 clicks	



Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping.

11.4 Adjusting the high-speed compression damping of the shock absorber



Caution

Risk of injury Parts of the shock absorber will fly off if the shock absorber is disassembled incorrectly.

The shock absorber is filled with highly compressed nitrogen.

- Please follow the description provided. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Info

The effect of the high-speed setting can be seen in fast compression of the shock absorber.



Using an open end wrench, turn adjusting screw 1 clockwise all the way.



Do not loosen fitting 2!



Turn counterclockwise by the number of turns corresponding to the shock absorber type.

Guideline

Compression damping, high-speed		
Comfort	2.5 turns	
Standard	2 turns	
Sport	1 turn	



Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damp-

11.5 Adjusting the rebound damping of the shock absorber

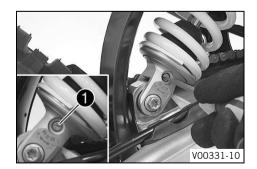


Caution

Risk of injury Parts of the shock absorber will fly off if the shock absorber is disassembled incorrectly.

The shock absorber is filled with highly compressed nitrogen.

Please follow the description provided. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Turn adjusting screw 1 clockwise up to the last perceptible click.



Info

Do not loosen fitting **2**!



Turn counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the shock absorber type.

Guideline

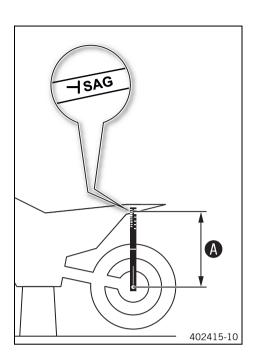
Rebound damping		
Comfort	18 clicks	
Standard	15 clicks	
Sport	12 clicks	



Info

Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damp-

11.6 Measuring the rear wheel dimension unloaded



Preparatory work

Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (
p. 53)

Position the sag gauge in the rear axle and measure the distance to marking SAG on the rear fender.

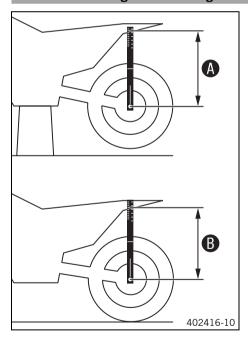
Sag gauge (00029090100) Pin for sag gauge (00029990010)

Note down the value as dimension **A**.

Finishing work

Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (🕮 p. 53)

11.7 Checking the static sag of the shock absorber



- Measure dimension (A) of rear wheel unloaded. (IIII p. 46)
- Hold the motorcycle upright with the aid of an assistant.
- Again measure the distance between the rear axle and marking SAG on the rear fender using the sag gauge.
- Note down the value as dimension **B**.



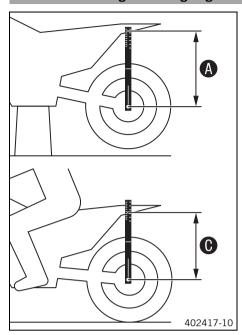
The static sag is the difference between measurements **A** and **B**.

Check the static sag.

35 mm (1.38 in) Static sag

- If the static sag is less or more than the specified value:
 - Adjust the spring preload of the shock absorber. 🌂 🕮 p. 47)

11.8 Checking the riding sag of the shock absorber



- Measure dimension (A) of rear wheel unloaded. (19 p. 46)
- With another person holding the motorcycle, the rider, wearing full protective clothing, sits on the seat in a normal sitting position (feet on footrests) and bounces up and down a few times.
 - ✓ The rear wheel suspension levels out.
- Another person again measures the distance between the rear axle and marking **SAG** on the rear fender using the sag gauge.
- Note down the value as dimension **(C)**.



The riding sag is the difference between measurements **A** and **C**.

Check the riding sag.

110 mm (4.33 in) Riding sag

- If the riding sag differs from the specified measurement:
 - Adjust the riding sag. 4 (
 p. 48)

11.9 Adjusting the spring preload of the shock absorber 🔌



Caution

Risk of injury Parts of the shock absorber will fly off if the shock absorber is disassembled incorrectly.

The shock absorber is filled with highly compressed nitrogen.

- Please follow the description provided. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Info

Before changing the spring preload, make a note of the present setting, e.g., by measuring the length of the spring.

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (
 p. 53)
- Remove shock absorber. 4 (
 p. 64)
- After removing the shock absorber, clean it thoroughly.

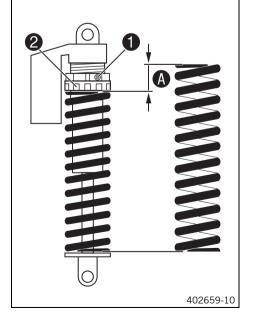
Main work

- Loosen screw 1.
- Turn adjusting ring **2** until the spring is no longer under tension.

Hook wrench (90129051000)

- Measure the overall spring length while the spring is not under tension.
- Tighten the spring by turning adjusting ring **2** to measurement **A**. Guideline

Spring preload	
Comfort	8 mm (0.31 in)
Standard	8 mm (0.31 in)
Sport	8 mm (0.31 in)





Info

Depending on the static sag and/or the riding sag, it may be necessary to increase or decrease the spring preload.

Tighten screw 1.

Guideline

М5 5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft) Screw, shock absorber adjusting ring

Install the shock absorber. 🔌 (🕮 p. 64)

Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (
 p. 53)

11.10 Adjusting the riding sag 4

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (p. 53)
- Remove shock absorber. ♣ (🕮 p. 64)
- After removing the shock absorber, clean it thoroughly.

Main work

Choose and mount a suitable spring.

Guideline

Spring rate			
Weight of rider: 65 75 kg (143 165 lb.)	63 N/mm (360 lb/in)		
Weight of rider: 75 85 kg (165 187 lb.)	66 N/mm (377 lb/in)		
Weight of rider: 85 95 kg (187 209 lb.)	69 N/mm (394 lb/in)		



Info

The spring rate is shown on the outside of the spring. Smaller weight differences can be compensated by changing the spring preload.

Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (
 p. 53)
- Check the static sag of the shock absorber. (
 p. 46)

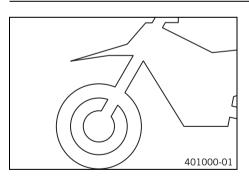
11.11 Checking the basic setting of the fork



Info

For various reasons, no exact riding sag can be determined for the fork.

B00292-10



- As with the shock absorber, smaller differences in the rider's weight can be compensated by the spring preload.
- However, if the fork frequently bottoms out (hard end stop on compression), harder springs must be fitted to avoid damage to the fork and frame.
- If the fork feels unusually hard after extended periods of operation, the fork legs need to be bled.

11.12 Adjusting the compression damping of the fork



Info

The hydraulic compression damping determines the fork suspension behavior.



(500 EXC-F US)

- Turn white adjusting screw 1 clockwise as far as it will go.



Info

Adjusting screw is located at the upper end of the left fork leg. The compression damping is located in left fork leg **COMP** (white adjusting screw). The rebound damping is located in right fork leg **REB** (red adjusting screw).

Turn counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the fork type.
 Guideline

Compression damping	
Comfort	18 clicks
Standard	15 clicks
Sport	12 clicks



Info

Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping.

(450 EXC-F Six Days US)

- Turn white adjusting screw 1 clockwise as far as it will go.



Info

Adjusting screw is located at the upper end of the left fork leg. The compression damping is located in left fork leg **COM** (white adjusting screw). The rebound damping is located in right fork leg **REB** (red adjusting screw).

Turn counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the fork type.
 Guideline

Compression damping	
Comfort	18 clicks
Standard	15 clicks
Sport	12 clicks



Info

Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping.

11.13 Adjusting the rebound damping of the fork



Info

The hydraulic rebound damping determines the fork suspension behavior.



(500 EXC-F US)

- Turn red adjusting screw ① clockwise as far as it will go.



Info

Adjusting screw is located at the upper end of the right fork leg. The rebound damping is located in right fork leg **REB** (red adjusting screw). The compression damping is located in left fork leg **COMP** (white adjusting screw).

Turn counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the fork type.
 Guideline

Rebound damping	
Comfort	18 clicks
Standard	15 clicks
Sport	12 clicks



Info

Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping.



(450 EXC-F Six Days US)

- Turn red adjusting screw 1 clockwise as far as it will go.



Info

Adjusting screw is located at the upper end of the right fork leg. The rebound damping is located in right fork leg **REB** (red adjusting screw). The compression damping is located in left fork leg **COM** (white adjusting screw).

Turn counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the fork type.
 Guideline

Rebound damping	
Comfort	18 clicks
Standard	15 clicks
Sport	12 clicks



Info

Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping.

11.14 Adjusting the spring preload of the fork (450 EXC-F Six Days US)

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (🕮 p. 53)

Main work

Turn the adjusting wings 1 counterclockwise all the way.

✓ The marking +0 aligns with the right wing.



Info

Make the adjustment by hand only. Do not use a tool. Make the same adjustment on both fork legs.

Turn the adjusting wings clockwise.

Guideline

Spring preload - Preload Adjuster	
Comfort	+0
Standard	+0
Sport	+3

✓ The adjusting wings engage noticeably at the numerical values.



Info

Adjust the spring preload to the numerical values only as the preload will not engage between the numerical values.

Turn clockwise to increase the spring preload; turn counterclockwise to reduce the spring preload.

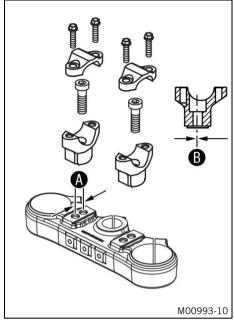
Adjusting the spring preload has no influence on the absorption setting of the rebound damping.

Basically, however, you should set the rebound damping higher with a higher spring preload.

Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (■ p. 53)

11.15 Handlebar position



(500 EXC-F US)

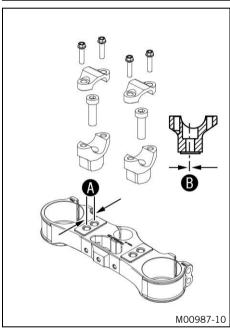
On the upper triple clamp, there are 2 holes at a distance of **A** to each other.

Hole distance A	15 mm (0.59 in)

The holes on the handlebar supports are placed at a distance of $oldsymbol{\mathbb{G}}$ from the center.

Hole distance B	3.5 mm (0.138 in)

The handlebar holders can be mounted in four different positions.



(450 EXC-F Six Days US)

On the upper triple clamp, there are 2 holes at a distance of **A** to each other.

Hole distance A	15 mm (0.59 in)
-----------------	-----------------

The holes on the handlebar supports are placed at a distance of **B** from the center.

Hole distance B	3.5 mm (0.138 in)

The handlebar holders can be mounted in four different positions.

11.16 Adjusting the handlebar position &

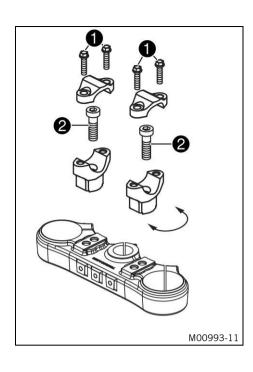


Warning

Danger of accidents A repaired handlebar poses a safety risk.

If the handlebar is bent or straightened, the material becomes fatigued. The handlebar may break as a result.

- Change the handlebar if the handlebar is damaged or bent.



(500 EXC-F US)

 Remove screws 1. Take off the handlebar clamps. Remove the handlebar and lay it to one side.



Info

Cover the components to protect them against damage. Do not kink the cables and lines.

- Remove screws 2. Take off the handlebar supports.
- Place the handlebar supports in the required position. Mount and tighten screws 2.

Guideline

Screw, handlebar holder	M10	40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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Info

Position the left and right handlebar supports evenly.

- Position the handlebar.



Info

Make sure the cables and wiring are positioned correctly.

Position the handlebar clamps. Mount screws and tighten evenly.
 Guideline

Screw, handlebar clamp	M8	20 Nm
		(14.8 lbf ft)



Info

Make sure the gap widths are even.



 Remove screws 1. Take off the handlebar clamps. Remove the handlebar and lay it to one side.



Info

Cover the components to protect them against damage. Do not kink the cables and lines.

- Remove screws 2. Take off the handlebar supports.
- Place the handlebar supports in the required position. Mount and tighten screws 2.

Guideline

Screw, handlebar holder	M10	40 Nm	Loctite [®] 243™
		(29.5 lbf ft)	



Info

Position the left and right handlebar supports evenly.

- Position the handlebar.



M00987-11

Info

Make sure the cables and wiring are positioned correctly.

Position the handlebar clamps. Mount screws 1 and tighten evenly.
 Guideline

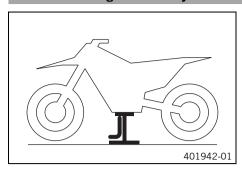
Screw, handlebar clamp	M8	20 Nm
		(14.8 lbf ft)



Info

Make sure the gap widths are even.

12.1 Raising the motorcycle with the lift stand



Note

Danger of damage The parked vehicle can roll away or fall over.

- Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.
- Raise the motorcycle at the frame underneath the engine.

Lift stand (78129955100)

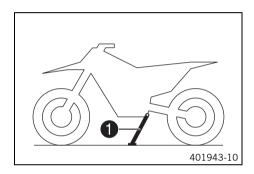
- ✓ Neither wheel is in contact with the ground.
- Secure the motorcycle against falling over.

12.2 Removing the motorcycle from the lift stand

Note

Danger of damage The parked vehicle can roll away or fall over.

- Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.



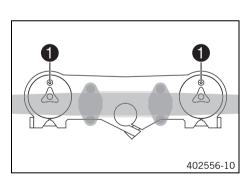
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand.
- Remove the lift stand.
- To park the motorcycle, press side stand 1 to the ground with your foot and lean the motorcycle on it.



Info

While riding, the side stand must be folded up and secured with the rubber band.

12.3 Bleeding the fork legs



Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (🕮 p. 53)

Main work

- Release bleeder screws 1.
 - ✓ Any excess pressure escapes from the interior of the fork.
- Tighten the bleeder screws.

Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (🕮 p. 53)

12.4 Cleaning the dust boots of the fork legs

K00070-10

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (🕮 p. 53)

Main work

- Push dust boots 1 of both fork legs downward.



Info

The dust boots remove dust and coarse dirt particles from the inside fork tubes. Over time, dirt can accumulate behind the dust boots. If this dirt is not removed, the oil seals behind can start to leak.



Warning

Danger of accidents Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.

- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.
- Clean and oil the dust boots and inner fork tubes of both fork legs.

Universal oil spray (🕮 p. 127)

- Press the dust boots back into their installation position.
- Remove excess oil.

Finishing work

- Install the fork protector. (🕮 p. 56)
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (
 p. 53)

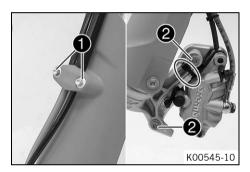
12.5 Removing the fork legs 🔌

Preparatory work

- Remove the headlight mask with the headlight. (🕮 p. 99)
- Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (
 p. 53)
- Remove the front wheel. ◀ (學 p. 90)

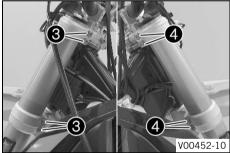
Main work

- Remove screws 1 and take off the clamp.
- Remove the cable tie(s).
- Remove screws 2 and take off the brake caliper.
- Allow the brake caliper and brake line to hang loosely to the side.



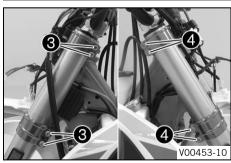
(500 EXC-F US)

- Loosen screws 3. Take out the left fork leg.
- Loosen screws 4. Take out the right fork leg.

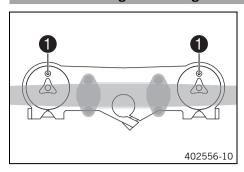


(450 EXC-F Six Days US)

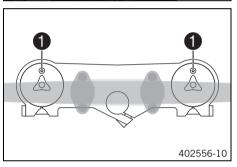
- Loosen screws 3. Take out the left fork leg.
- Loosen screws 4. Take out the right fork leg.

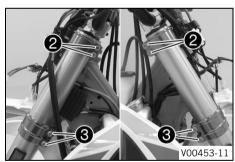


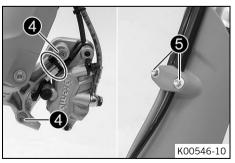
12.6 Installing the fork legs 🔌



V00452-11







Main work (500 EXC-F US)

Position the fork legs.

✓ Bleeder screws are positioned toward the front.



Info

The rebound damping is located in right fork leg REB (red adjusting screw). The compression damping is located in left fork leg COMP (white adjusting screw).

Grooves are milled into the side of the upper end of the fork legs. The second milled groove (from the top) must be flush with the top edge of the upper triple clamp.

Tighten screws 2.

Guideline

Screw, top triple clamp	M8	20 Nm
		(14.8 lbf ft)

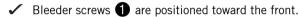
Tighten screws **3**.

Guideline

Screw, bottom triple clamp	M8	15 Nm
		(11.1 lbf ft)

(450 EXC-F Six Days US)

Position the fork legs.





The rebound damping is located in right fork leg REB (red adjusting screw). The compression damping is located in left fork leg COM (white adjusting screw).

Grooves are milled into the side of the upper end of the fork legs. The second milled groove (from the top) must be flush with the top edge of the upper triple clamp.

Tighten screws **2**.

Guideline

Screw, top triple clamp	M8	17 Nm
		(12.5 lbf ft)

Tighten screws 3.

Guideline

Screw, bottom triple clamp	M8	15 Nm
		(11.1 lbf ft)

Position the brake caliper, and mount and tighten screws **4**.

Guideline

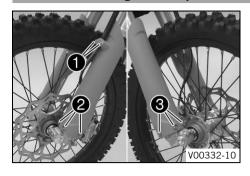
(18.4 lbf ft)	Screw, front brake caliper	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
---------------	----------------------------	----	------------------------	---------------

- Mount the cable tie(s).
- Position the brake line, wiring harness, and clamp. Mount and tighten screws **6**.

Finishing work

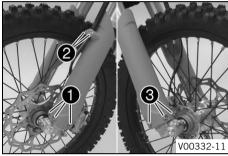
- Install the front wheel. 🔌 (🕮 p. 90)
- Install the headlight mask with the headlight. (
 p. 99)
- Check the headlight setting. (p. 101)

12.7 Removing the fork protector



- Remove screws 1 and take off the clamp.
- Remove screws 2 on the left fork leg and take off the left fork protector.
- Remove screws **3** on the right fork leg and take off the right fork protector.

12.8 Installing the fork protector



Position the fork protector on the left fork leg. Mount and tighten screws 1. Guideline

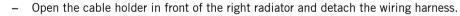
Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
---------------------------	----	--------------------

Position the brake line, wiring harness, and clamp. Mount and tighten screws 2.

Position the fork protector on the right fork leg. Mount and tighten screws 3. Guideline

Preparatory work

- Remove the headlight mask with the headlight. (\$\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{P}}}}}} p. 99)}
- Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (## p. 53)
- Remove the front wheel. 4 (
 p. 90)
- Remove the fork legs. ◀ (🕮 p. 54)
- Remove the front fender. (\$\mathbb{Q}\$ p. 62)
- Remove the handlebar cushion.



- Remove screws 1 and hang the voltage regulator to the side.
- Open the cable holder in front of the left radiator and detach the wiring harness.
- Loosen screw 2.
- Remove screw 3.
- Take off the upper triple clamp with the handlebar and set it aside.



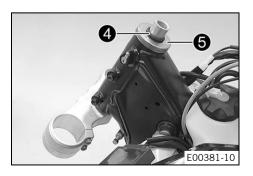
Cover the components to protect them against damage. Do not kink the cables and lines.

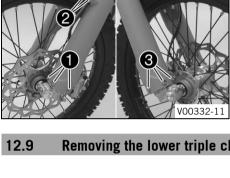


E00380-10

- - Take off the lower triple clamp with the steering stem.
- Remove the upper steering head bearing.

Remove O-ring 4 and protective ring 6.





12.10 Removing the lower triple clamp **◄** (450 EXC-F Six Days US)

Preparatory work

- Remove the headlight mask with the headlight. (\$\Pi\$ p. 99)
- Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (@ p. 53)
- Remove the front wheel. ◀ (學 p. 90)
- Remove the fork legs. ◀ (興 p. 54)
- Remove the handlebar cushion.

Main work

- Open the cable holder in front of the right radiator and detach the wiring harness.
- Remove screws 1 and hang the voltage regulator to the side.
- Open the cable holder in front of the left radiator and detach the wiring harness.
- Remove screw 2.
- Remove screw 3.
- Take off the upper triple clamp with the handlebar and set it aside.

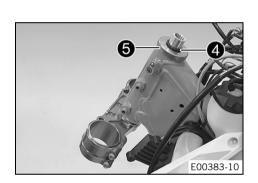


Info

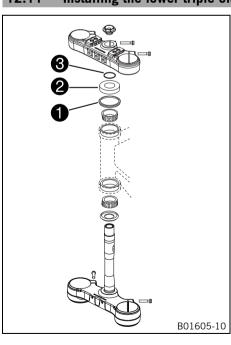
Cover the components to protect them against damage. Do not kink the cables and lines.



- Take off the lower triple clamp with the steering stem.
- Remove the upper steering head bearing.



E00382-10



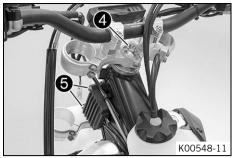
Main work

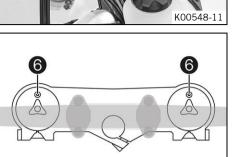
Clean the bearing and sealing elements, check for damage, and grease.

High viscosity grease (🕮 p. 127)

- Insert the lower triple clamp with the steering stem. Mount the upper steering head bearing.
- Check whether upper steering head seal
 is correctly positioned.
- Slide on protective ring 2 and 0-ring 3.

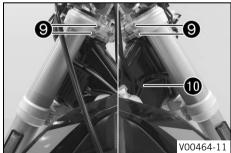
H01672-10

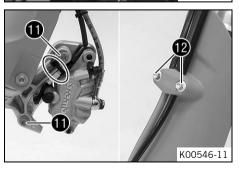












- Position the upper triple clamp with the handlebar.
- Mount screw 4 but do not tighten yet.
- Secure wiring harness and clutch line with cable holder.
- Position the voltage regulator, and mount and tighten screws **5**. Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
---------------------------	----	--------------------

Position the fork legs.

✓ Bleeder screws **6** are positioned toward the front.



The rebound damping is located in right fork leg REB (red adjusting screw). The compression damping is located in left fork leg COMP (white adjusting screw).

Grooves are milled into the side of the upper end of the fork legs. The second milled groove (from the top) must be flush with the top edge of the upper triple clamp.

Tighten screw 4.

Guideline

Screw, top steering head	M20x1.5	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)
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Tighten screw 8.

Guideline

Screw, top steering stem	M8	20 Nm
		(14.8 lbf ft)

Tighten screws **9**.

Guideline

Screw, top triple clamp	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
-------------------------	----	------------------------

Secure the wiring harness with cable holder 10.

Position the brake caliper, and mount and tighten screws 11. Guideline

1		ı	ı	_
	Screw, front brake caliper	l M8	l 25 Nm	Loctite® 243™
	our on, mont branco oumpor			
			(18.4 lbf ft)	
			(10.4 101 11)	

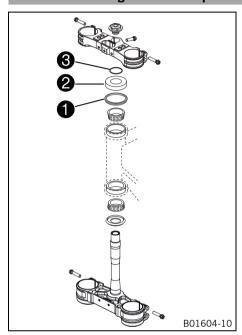
- Mount the cable tie(s).
- Position the brake line, wiring harness, and clamp. Mount and tighten screws 12.



Finishing work

- Mount the handlebar cushion.
- Install the front wheel. ♣ (🕮 p. 90)
- Install the headlight mask with the headlight. (🕮 p. 99)
- Check that the wiring harness, throttle cables, and brake and clutch lines can move freely and are routed correctly.

12.12 Installing the lower triple clamp (450 EXC-F Six Days US)



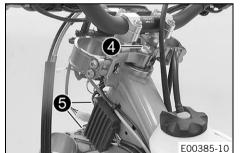
Main work

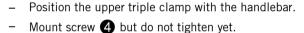
- Clean the bearing and sealing elements, check for damage, and grease.

High viscosity grease (🕮 p. 127)

- Position the lower triple clamp with the steering stem. Mount the upper steering head bearing.
- Check whether upper steering head seal

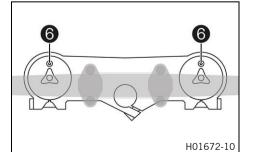
 is correctly positioned.
- Mount protective ring 2 and O-ring 3.





- Secure wiring harness and clutch line with cable holder.
- Position the voltage regulator, and mount and tighten screws 6.
 Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
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- Position the fork legs.

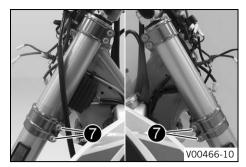
✓ Bleeder screws **6** are positioned toward the front.



Info

The rebound damping is located in right fork leg **REB** (red adjusting screw). The compression damping is located in left fork leg **COM** (white adjusting screw).

Grooves are milled into the side of the upper end of the fork legs. The second milled groove (from the top) must be flush with the top edge of the upper triple clamp.



Tighten screws 7. Guideline

Screw, bottom triple clamp	M8	15 Nm
		(11.1 lbf ft)



Tighten screw 4.

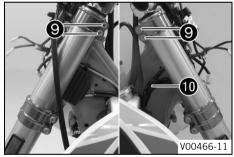
Guideline

Screw, top steering head	M20x1.5	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)



Mount and tighten screw 8. Guideline

Screw, top steering stem M8 17 Nm (12.5 lbf ft) Loctite® 243 TM		® 243 [™]
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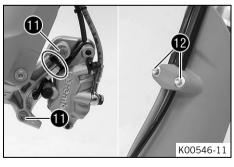


Tighten screws **9**.

Guideline

Screw, top triple clamp	M8	17 Nm
		(12.5 lbf ft)

Secure the wiring harness with cable holder **10**.



Position the brake caliper, and mount and tighten screws 11. Guideline

Screw, front brake caliper	M8	25 Nm	Loctite® 243™
		(18.4 lbf ft)	

- Mount the cable tie(s).
- Position the brake line, wiring harness, and clamp. Mount and tighten screws 12.

Finishing work

- Mount the handlebar cushion.
- Install the front fender. (Fig. 63)
- Install the front wheel. 🔌 (🕮 p. 90)
- Install the headlight mask with the headlight. (🕮 p. 99)
- Check that the wiring harness, throttle cables, and brake and clutch lines can move freely and are routed correctly.
- Check the play of the steering head bearing. (p. 61)
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (
 p. 53)
- Check the headlight setting. (
 p. 101)

12.13 Checking the play of the steering head bearing



Warning

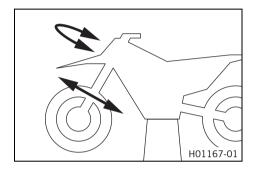
Danger of accidents Incorrect steering head bearing play impairs the handling characteristic and damages components.

Correct incorrect steering head bearing play immediately. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Info

If the vehicle is operated for a lengthy period with play in the steering head bearing, the bearings and the bearing seats in the frame can become damaged over time.



Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (p. 53)

Main work

 Move the handlebar to the straight-ahead position. Move the fork legs to and fro in the direction of travel.

Play should not be detectable on the steering head bearing.

If there is detectable play:

(500 EXC-F US)

Adjust the steering head bearing play. ◄ (♥ p. 61)

(450 EXC-F Six Days US)

- Move the handlebar to and fro over the entire steering range.

It must be possible to move the handlebar easily over the entire steering range. There should be no detectable detent positions.

» If detent positions are detected:

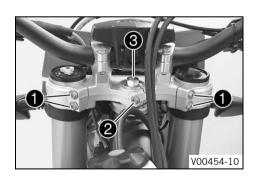
(500 EXC-F US)

(450 EXC-F Six Days US)

- Adjust the steering head bearing play. ◄ (♥ p. 62)
- Check the steering head bearing and replace if necessary.

Finishing work

12.14 Adjusting the steering head bearing play **◄** (500 EXC-F US)



Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (p. 53)

Main work

- Loosen screws 1 and 2.
 - Loosen and retighten screw 3

Guideline

Screw, top steering head M20x1.5 12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)

- Using a plastic hammer, tap lightly on the upper triple clamp to avoid stresses.
- Tighten screws 1.

Guideline

Screw, top triple clamp	M8	20 Nm
		(14.8 lbf ft)

Tighten screw 2.

Guideline

Screw, top steering stem	M8	20 Nm
		(14.8 lbf ft)

Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (
 p. 53)

12.15 Adjusting the steering head bearing play 4 (450 EXC-F Six Days US)

1 2 V00455-10

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (@ p. 53)

Main work

- Loosen screws 1.
- Remove screw 2.
- Loosen and retighten screw 3.

Guideline

Screw, top steering head	M20x1.5	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)

- Using a plastic hammer, tap lightly on the upper triple clamp to avoid stresses.
- Tighten screws 1.

Guideline

Screw, top triple clamp	M8	17 Nm
		(12.5 lbf ft)

Mount and tighten screw 2.

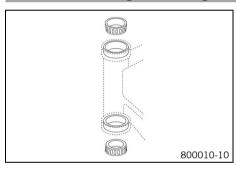
Guideline

Screw, top steering stem	M8	17 Nm	Loctite® 243™
		(12.5 lbf ft)	

Finishing work

- Check the play of the steering head bearing. (@ p. 61)
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (
 p. 53)

12.16 Lubricating the steering head bearing &



(500 EXC-F US)

- Remove the lower triple clamp. ◀ (學 p. 56)

(450 EXC-F Six Days US)

- Remove the lower triple clamp. ◀ (學 p. 57)
- Install the lower triple clamp. ◀ (의 p. 59)

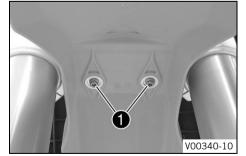
12.17 Removing the front fender

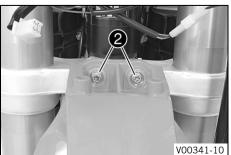


- Remove the headlight mask with the headlight. (# p. 99)

Main work (500 EXC-F US)

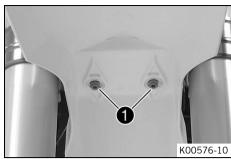
Remove screws 1.

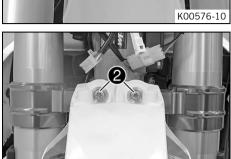




Remove screws 2. Remove the front fender.

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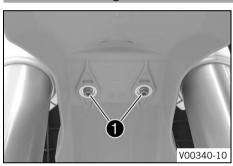


(450 EXC-F Six Days US)

- Remove screws 1.

- Remove screws **2**. Remove the front fender.

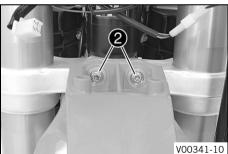
12.18 Installing the front fender



Main work (500 EXC-F US)

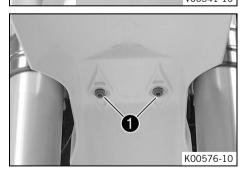
Position the front fender. Mount and tighten screws ①.

Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm
		(7.4 lbf ft)



Mount and tighten screws 2.
 Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm
		(7.4 lbf ft)



(450 EXC-F Six Days US)

Position the front fender. Mount and tighten screws ①.
 Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm
		(7.4 lhf ft)

- Mount and Guideline Remainin

- Mount and tighten screws 2.

Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm
		(7.4 lbf ft)

Finishing work

- Install the headlight mask with the headlight. (@ p. 99)

12.19 Removing the shock absorber 🔦

3-

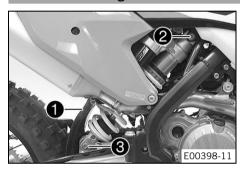
Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (@ p. 53)

Main work

- Remove screw and lower the rear wheel with the swingarm as far as possible without blocking the rear wheel. Fix the rear wheel in this position.
- Remove screw 2, push splash protector 3 to the side, and remove the shock absorber.

12.20 Installing the shock absorber 4



Main work

Push splash protector 1 to the side and position the shock absorber. Mount and tighten screw 2.

Guideline

Screw, top shock absorber	M12	80 Nm	Loctite® 2701™
		(59 lbf ft)	

Mount and tighten screw 3.

Guideline

Screw, bottom shock	M12	80 Nm	Loctite® 2701™
absorber		(59 lbf ft)	



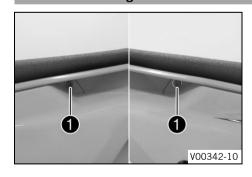
Info

The heim joint for the shock absorber at the swingarm is Teflon-coated. It must not be greased with grease or with other lubricants. Lubricants dissolve the Teflon coating, thereby drastically reducing the service life.

Finishing work

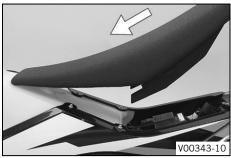
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (록 p. 53)

12.21 Removing the seat

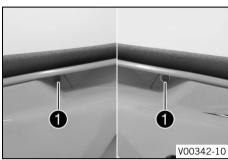


- Remove screws 1.
- Raise the rear of the seat, pull the seat back, and lift it off.

12.22 Mounting the seat



- Mount the front of the seat on the collar bushing of the fuel tank, lower the seat at the rear, and push the seat forward.
- Make sure that the seat is correctly locked in.



Mount and tighten screws 1.
Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)

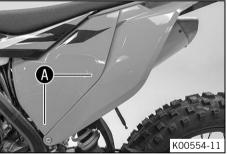
12.23 Removing the air filter box cover



Condition

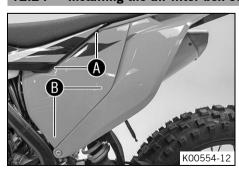
The air filter box cover is secured.

Remove screw 1.



Pull off the air filter box cover in area sideways and remove it toward the front.

12.24 Installing the air filter box cover



Insert the air filter box cover in area
 A and clip it into area
 B.



Condition

The air filter box cover is secured.

Mount and tighten screw ①.
 Guideline

Screw, air f	ilter box cover	EJOT PT®	3 Nm (2.2 lbf ft)
		K60x20-Z	

12.25 Removing the air filter •

Note

Engine damage Unfiltered intake air has a negative effect on the service life of the engine.

Dust and dirt will enter the engine without an air filter.

- Never start to use the vehicle without an air filter.



Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.



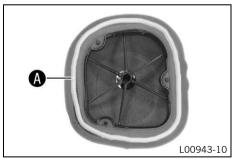
Preparatory work

- Remove the air filter box cover. (p. 65)

Main work

- Detach retaining tab ①. Remove air filter with air filter support.
- Remove air filter from air filter support.

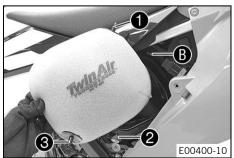
12.26 Installing the air filter 4



Main work

- Mount the clean air filter on the air filter support.
- Grease the air filter in area A.

Long-life grease (🕮 p. 127)



- Insert air filter and position retaining $\mathbf{0}$ in bushing $\mathbf{0}$.
 - ✓ The air filter is correctly positioned.
- Insert retaining tab 2.
 - Retaining pin 3 is secured by retaining tab 2.



Info

If the air filter is not mounted correctly, dust and dirt may enter the engine and result in damage.

Finishing work

12.27 Cleaning the air filter and air filter box 🔦



Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations



Info

Do not clean the air filter with fuel or petroleum since these substances attack the foam.



Preparatory work

- Remove the air filter box cover. (p. 65)
- Remove the air filter. ♣ (♠ p. 66)

Main work

- Wash the air filter thoroughly in special cleaning liquid and allow it to dry properly.

Air filter cleaner (
p. 127)



Info

Only press the air filter to dry it, never wring it out.

- Oil the dry air filter with a high quality filter oil.

Oil for foam air filter (🕮 p. 127)

- Clean the air filter box.
- Check the intake flange for damage and firm seating.

Finishing work

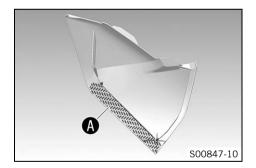
12.28 Sealing the air filter box 🔦



- Remove the air filter box cover. (🕮 p. 65)

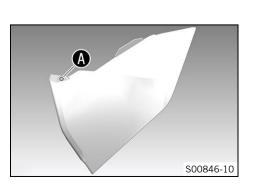


Seal the air filter box in the marked area (A).



Finishing work

12.29 Securing the air filter box cover &



Preparatory work

Main work

Drill a hole at marking (A).
 Guideline

Diameter	6 mm (0.24 in)

Finishing work

12.30 Removing main silencer



Warning

Danger of burns The exhaust system gets very hot when the vehicle is driven.

- Allow the exhaust system to cool down before performing any work on the vehicle.

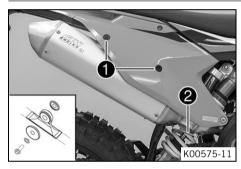


Disconnect spring 1.

Spring hook (50305017000)

- Remove screws **2** and take off main silencer.

12.31 Installing the main silencer



- Position the main silencer. Mount screws 1, but do not tighten yet.
- Reconnect spring 2.

Spring hook (50305017000)

Tighten screws 1.

Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis M6 10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)

12.32 Cleaning the spark arrestor 4



Warning

Danger of burns The exhaust system gets very hot when the vehicle is driven.

- Allow the exhaust system to cool down before performing any work on the vehicle.



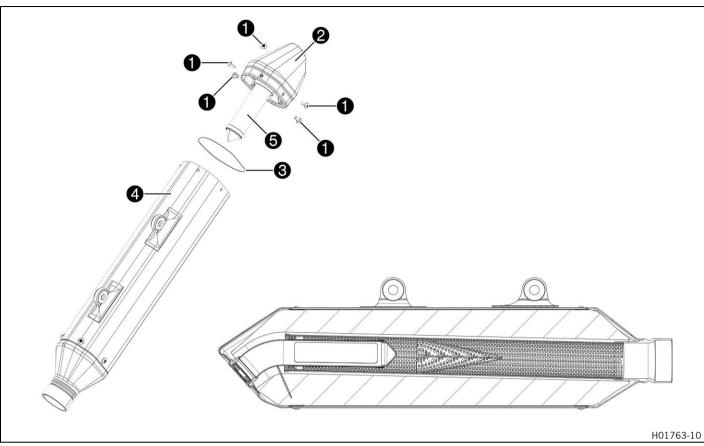
Info

Soot particles accumulate on the screen of the spark arrestor over time.

This changes the performance characteristics.

Preparatory work

- Remove the main silencer. (@ p. 68)



Main work

- Remove screws 1 and take off silencer cap 2 with O-ring 3.



Info

Do not remove the glass fiber yarn filling.



Warning

Danger to health Soot particles irritate the eyes and mucuous membranes.

- Wear suitable breathing and eye protection when cleaning the main silencer and carbon screen.
- Clean main silencer housing 4 and screen 5 of the spark arrestor with compressed air.
- Mount new O-ring 3 on silencer cap 2.
- Position silencer cap 2. Mount and tighten screws 1.
 Guideline

Screws on the main silencer M5 7 Nm (5.2 lbf ft)

Finishing work

12.33 Changing the glass fiber yarn filling in the main silencer 🔌



Warning

Danger of burns The exhaust system gets very hot when the vehicle is driven.

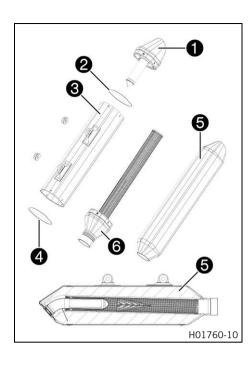
- Allow the exhaust system to cool down before performing any work on the vehicle.



Info

Over time, the fibers of the glass fiber yarn escape and the damper "burns" out. Not only is the noise level higher, the performance characteristic changes.

Preparatory work



Main work

- Remove all screws on the main silencer.
- Take off silencer cap 1 with filter and O-ring 2.
- Take off outer tube **3** and O-ring **4**.
- Remove glass fiber yarn filling 6 from inner tube with connecting cap 6.
- Clean the parts that need to be reinstalled and check for damage.
- Mount the new glass fiber yarn filling with connecting cap onto the inner tube.
- Position inner tube with connecting cap, glass fiber yarn and new O-ring 4 in the outer tube.
- Position new O-ring **2** and the silencer cap with the filter in the outer tube.
- Mount and tighten all of the screws.

Guideline

Screws on the main silencer M5 7 Nm (5.2 lbf ft)
--

Finishing work

- Install the main silencer. (🕮 p. 68)

12.34 Removing the fuel tank &



Danger

Fire hazard Fuel is highly flammable.

The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and can escape if overfilled.

- Do not refuel the vehicle in the vicinity of open flames or lit cigarettes.
- Switch off the engine for refueling.
- Make sure that no fuel is spilled; particularly not on hot parts of the vehicle.
- If any fuel is spilled, wipe it off immediately.
- Observe the specifications for refueling.



Warning

Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
- Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
- Do not inhale fuel vapors.
- In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
- Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
- Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.
- Keep fuels correctly in a suitable canister, and out of the reach of children.

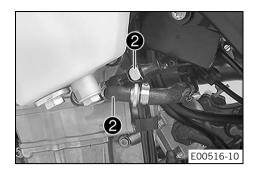


Preparatory work

Remove the seat. (
 p. 64)

Main work

- Unplug connector 1 of the fuel pump.
- Remove the tube from the fuel tank breather.



Thoroughly clean the plug-in connection of the fuel line using compressed air.

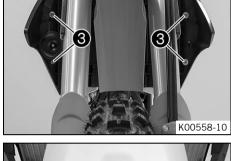


Under no circumstances should dirt enter into the fuel line. Dirt in the fuel line clogs the injection valve!

- Disconnect the plug-in connection of the fuel line.
- Mount wash cap set 2.

Wash cap set (81212016100)

- Remove screws **3** with the collar bushings.
- Hang the horn and horn bracket to one side.



- Remove screw 4 with the rubber bushing.



K00559-10

- Pull both spoilers off the sides of the radiator bracket and lift off the fuel tank.

12.35 Installing the fuel tank 🔦



Danger

Fire hazard Fuel is highly flammable.

The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and can escape if overfilled.

- Do not refuel the vehicle in the vicinity of open flames or lit cigarettes.
- Switch off the engine for refueling.
- Make sure that no fuel is spilled; particularly not on hot parts of the vehicle.
- If any fuel is spilled, wipe it off immediately.
- Observe the specifications for refueling.



Warning

Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
- Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
- Do not inhale fuel vapors.
- In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
- Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
- Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.

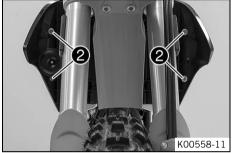
Main work

- Check throttle cable routing. (

 p. 77)
- Position the fuel tank and fit the two spoilers to the sides in front of the radiator bracket
- Make sure that no cables or throttle cables are trapped or damaged.
- Attach the fuel tank breather hose.
- Mount and tighten screw with the rubber bushing.
 Guideline

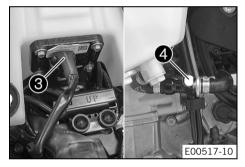
Remaining screws, chassis M6 10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)





- Position the horn with the horn bracket.
- Mount and tighten screws ② with the collar bushings.
 Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
---------------------------	----	--------------------



- Plug in connector **3** for the fuel pump.
- Remove the wash cap set.
- Thoroughly clean the plug-in connection of the fuel line using compressed air.



Info

Under no circumstances should dirt enter into the fuel line. Dirt in the fuel line clogs the injection valve!

- Lubricate the O-ring and connect plug-in connection 4 for the fuel line.

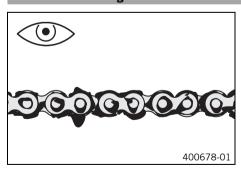


Info

Route the cable and fuel line at a safe distance from the exhaust system.

Finishing work

12.36 Checking for chain dirt accumulation



- Check the chain for coarse dirt accumulation.
 - » If the chain is very dirty:
 - Clean the chain. (🕮 p. 73)

12.37 Cleaning the chain



Warning

Danger of accidents Oil or grease on the tires reduces the road grip.

Remove the lubricant from the tires using a suitable cleaning agent.



Warning

Danger of accidents Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.

- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.



Warning

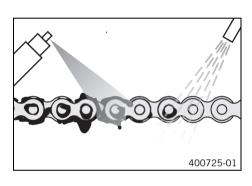
Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.



Info

The service life of the chain depends largely on its maintenance.



Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (p. 53)

Main work

Clean the chain regularly and then treat with chain spray.

Chain cleaner (♠ p. 127)

Off-road chain spray (♠ p. 127)

Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (@ p. 53)

12.38 Checking the chain tension



Warning

Danger of accidents Incorrect chain tension damages components and results in accidents.

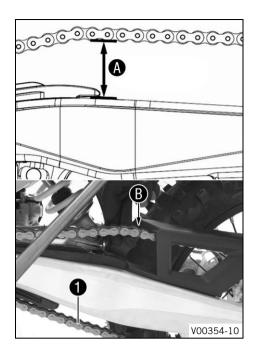
If the chain is tensioned too much, the chain, engine sprocket, rear sprocket, transmission and rear wheel bearings wear more quickly. Some components may break if overloaded.

If the chain is too loose, the chain may fall off the engine sprocket or the rear sprocket. As a result, the rear wheel locks or the engine will be damaged.

- Check the chain tension regularly.
- Set the chain tension in accordance with the specification.

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (🕮 p. 53)



Main work

 Pull the chain at the end of the chain sliding component upwards to measure chain tension .



Info

The lower chain section 1 must be taut.

When the chain guard is mounted, it must be possible to pull up the chain at least to the point where it makes contact with chain guard **B**. Chain wear is not always even, so you should repeat this measurement at different chain positions.

Chain tension 55... 58 mm (2.17... 2.28 in)

- » If the chain tension does not meet specifications:

Finishing work

12.39 Adjusting the chain tension



Warning

Danger of accidents Incorrect chain tension damages components and results in accidents.

If the chain is tensioned too much, the chain, engine sprocket, rear sprocket, transmission and rear wheel bearings wear more quickly. Some components may break if overloaded.

If the chain is too loose, the chain may fall off the engine sprocket or the rear sprocket. As a result, the rear wheel locks or the engine will be damaged.

- Check the chain tension regularly.
- Set the chain tension in accordance with the specification.

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (🕮 p. 53)
- Check the chain tension. (🕮 p. 73)

Main work

- Loosen nut 1.
- Loosen nuts **2**.
- Adjust the chain tension by turning adjusting screws 3 left and right.
 Guideline

Chain tension

55... 58 mm (2.17... 2.28 in)

Turn adjusting screws 3 on the left and right so that the markings on the left and right chain adjusters are in the same position relative to reference marks 1. The rear wheel is then correctly aligned.

- Tighten nuts **2**.
- Make sure that the chain adjusters 4 are fitted correctly on the adjusting screws 3.
- Tighten nut 1.

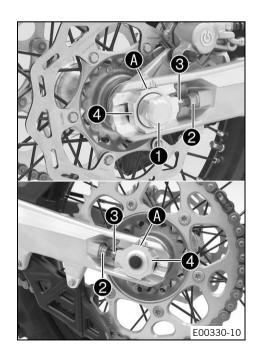
Guideline

Nut, rear wheel spindle M20x1.5 80 Nm (59 lbf ft)



Info

The wide adjustment range of the chain adjusters (32 mm (1.26 in)) enables different secondary ratios with the same chain length. Chain adjusters 4 can be turned by 180°.

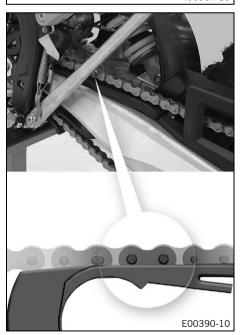


Finishing work

Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (
 p. 53)

12.40 Checking the chain, rear sprocket, motor sprocket, and chain guide

B 1 2 3 16 17 18 400987-10



Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (🗐 p. 53)

Main work

- Shift the transmission to idle.
- Check the rear sprocket and motor sprocket for wear.
 - » If the rear sprocket and motor sprocket are worn:
 - Change the drivetrain kit.



Info

The motor sprocket, rear sprocket, and chain should always be replaced together.

Pull at the top part of the chain with the specified weight A.
 Guideline

Weight of chain wear measurement	10 15 kg (22 33 lb.)



Info

Chain wear is not always even, so you should repeat this measurement at different chain positions.

Maximum distance (B) at the longest	272 mm (10.71 in)
	2/2 11111 (10.71 111)
chain section	

- $oldsymbol{eta}$ If distance $oldsymbol{oldsymbol{B}}$ is greater than the specified measurement:
 - Change the drivetrain kit. 🔦



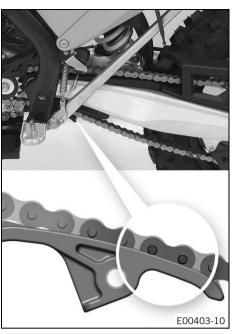
Info

When the chain is replaced, the rear sprocket and engine sprocket should also be changed.

New chains wear out faster on old, worn sprockets.

- Check the chain sliding guard for wear.
 - » If the lower edge of the chain pin is at the level of or below the chain sliding guard.
 - Change the chain sliding guard.
- Check that the chain sliding guard is firmly seated.
 - » If the chain sliding guard is loose:
 - Tighten the screws on the chain sliding guard.
 Guideline

Screw, chain sliding	M6	14 Nm	Loctite® 243™
guard		(10.3 lbf ft)	



- Check the chain sliding piece for wear.
 - » If the lower edge of the chain pins is in line with or below the chain sliding piece:
 - Change the chain sliding piece.
- Check that the chain sliding piece is firmly seated.
 - » If the chain sliding piece is loose:
 - Tighten the screw of the chain sliding piece.
 Guideline

Screw, chain sliding piece	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
		(1111 101 11)



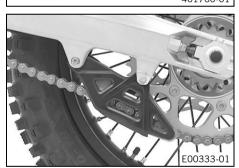
- Check the chain guide for wear.



Info

Wear can be seen on the front of the chain guide.

- If the light part of the chain guide is worn:
 - Change the chain guide. 🔦



- Check that the chain guide is firmly seated.
 - » If the chain guide is loose:
 - Tighten the screws on the chain guide.
 Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
Remaining nuts, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)

Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (■ p. 53)

12.41 Checking the frame 🔦



- Check the frame for cracking and deformation.
 - » If the frame exhibits cracking or deformation due to a mechanical impact:
 - Change the frame. 4



Info

Always replace a frame that has been damaged due to a mechanical impact. Repair of the frame is not authorized by KTM.

12.42 Checking the swingarm 4



- Check the swingarm for damage, cracking, and deformation.
 - » If the swingarm shows signs of damage, cracking, or deformation:
 - Change the swingarm.



Info

Always change a damaged swingarm. Repair of the swingarm is not authorized by KTM.

12.43 Checking throttle cable routing

Preparatory work

- Remove the seat. (
 p. 64)
- Remove the fuel tank. ♣ (

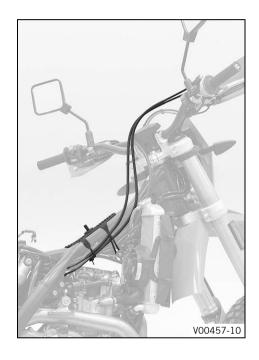
 p. 70)

Main work

Check throttle cable routing.

Both throttle cables must be routed, side by side, on the back of the handlebars and above the fuel tank bracket, to the throttle valve body. Both throttle cables must be secured behind the fuel tank contact area rubber band.

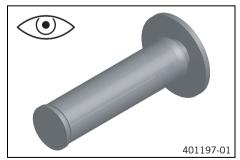
- » If the throttle cable routing is not as specified:
 - Correct throttle cable routing.



Finishing work

- Mount the seat. (@ p. 65)

12.44 Checking the rubber grip



A A

- Check the rubber grips on the handlebar for damage, wear, and looseness.



Info

The rubber grips are vulcanized onto a sleeve on the left and onto the handle tube of the throttle grip on the right. The left sleeve is clamped onto the handlebar.

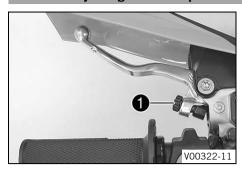
The rubber grip can only be replaced with the sleeve or the throttle tube.

- » If a rubber grip is damaged, worn, or loose:
 - Change the rubber grip.
- Check that screw 1 is firmly seated.

Guideline			
Screw, fixed grip	M4	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™

Diamond **A** must be located at the top.

12.45 Adjusting the basic position of the clutch lever



 Adjust the basic setting of the clutch lever to your hand size by turning adjusting screw .



Info

Turn the adjusting screw clockwise to increase the distance between the clutch lever and the handlebar.

Turn the adjusting screw counterclockwise to decrease the distance between the clutch lever and the handlebar.

The range of adjustment is limited.

Turn the adjusting screw by hand only, and do not apply any force.

Do not make any adjustments while riding!

12.46 Checking/correcting the fluid level of the hydraulic clutch



Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.



Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.



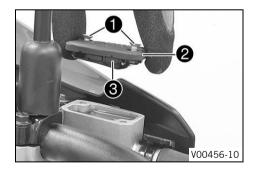
Info

The fluid level rises with increasing wear of the clutch facing discs.

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and clutch lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint.

Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.



- Move the clutch fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
- Remove screws 1.
- Remove cover 2 with membrane 3.
- Check the fluid level.

Fluid level below container rim

4 mm (0.16 in)

- » If the level of the fluid does not meet specifications:
 - Correct the fluid level of the hydraulic clutch.

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (@ p. 126)

- Position the cover with the membrane. Mount and tighten the screws.



Info

Clean up overflowed or spilled brake fluid immediately with water.

12.47 Changing the hydraulic clutch fluid 🔌



Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.



Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations

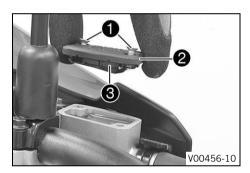


Info

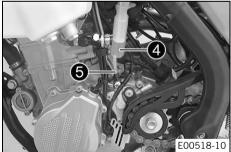
Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and clutch lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint.

Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.



- Move the clutch fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
- Remove screws ①.
- Remove cover **2** with membrane **3**.



- Fill bleeding syringe **4** with the appropriate hydraulic fluid.

Bleed syringe (50329050000)

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (

p. 126)

On the clutch slave cylinder, remove bleeder screw **5** and mount bleeding syringe **4**.



- Inject the liquid into the system until it escapes from openings 6 of the master cylinder without bubbles.
- Now and then, extract fluid from the master cylinder reservoir to prevent overflow.
- Remove the bleeding syringe. Mount and tighten screws bleeder screw.
- Correct the fluid level of the hydraulic clutch.

Guideline

Fluid level below container rim 4 mm (0.16 in)

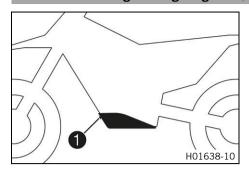
- Position the cover with the membrane. Mount and tighten the screws.



Info

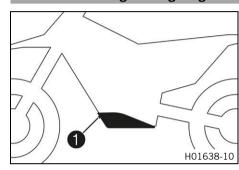
Clean up overflowed or spilled brake fluid immediately with water.

12.48 Removing the engine guard (450 EXC-F Six Days US)



Remove screws 1 and engine guard.

12.49 Installing the engine guard (450 EXC-F Six Days US)



- Attach the engine guard on the frame at the rear and swing up at the front.
- Mount and tighten screws 1.
 Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)

13 BRAKE SYSTEM 81

13.1 Checking free travel of hand brake lever

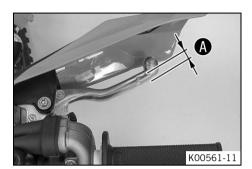


Warning

Danger of accidents The brake system fails in the event of overheating.

If there is no free travel on the hand brake lever, pressure builds up on the front brake circuit.

- Set the free travel on the hand brake lever in accordance with the specification.



- Push the hand brake to the handlebar and check free travel (A).

Free travel of hand brake lever ≥ 3 mm (≥ 0.12 in)

- » If the free travel does not meet specifications:
 - Adjust the free travel of the hand brake lever. (@ p. 81)

13.2 Adjusting free travel of hand brake lever



- Check the free travel of the hand brake lever. (
 p. 81)
- Adjust the free travel of the hand brake lever with adjusting screw 1.





Info

Turn the adjusting screw clockwise to reduce free travel. The pressure point moves away from the handlebar.

Turn the adjusting screw counterclockwise to increase free travel. The pressure point moves towards the handlebar.

The range of adjustment is limited.

Turn the adjusting screw by hand only, and do not apply any force.

Do not make any adjustments while riding!

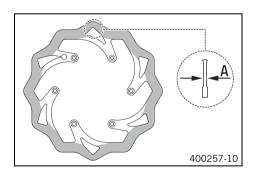
13.3 Checking the brake discs



Warning

Danger of accidents Worn-out brake discs reduce the braking effect.

Make sure that worn-out brake discs are replaced immediately. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



 Check the thickness of the front and rear brake discs at several places on the disk to see if it conforms to measurement A.



Info

Wear reduces the thickness of the brake disc around the area used by the brake linings.

Brake discs - wear limit (500 EXC-F US)	
Front	2.5 mm (0.098 in)
Rear	3.5 mm (0.138 in)
Brake discs - wear limit (450 EXC-F Six	Days US)
Front	2.5 mm (0.098 in)
Rear	3.7 mm (0.146 in)

- » If the brake disc thickness is less than the specified value:
 - Change the brake disc.
- Check the front and rear brake discs for damage, cracking and deformation.
 - » If the brake disc shows signs of damage, cracking, or deformation:
 - Change the brake disc.

13.4 Checking the brake fluid level of the front brake



Warning

Danger of accidents An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail.

If the brake fluid level drops below the specified marking or the specified value, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.

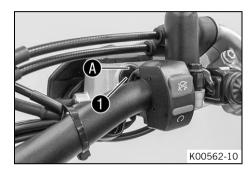
 Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Warning

Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



- Move the brake fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
- Check the brake fluid level in level viewer 1.
 - » If the brake fluid level has dropped below marking **A**:
 - Add front brake fluid. ♣ (₱ p. 82)

13.5 Adding front brake fluid 🔌



Warning

Danger of accidents An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail.

If the brake fluid level drops below the specified marking or the specified value, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.

 Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.



Warning

Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

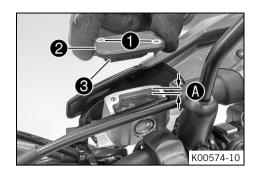


Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint.

Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.



Preparatory work

Main work

- Move the brake fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
- Remove screws 1.
- Remove cover **2** with membrane **3**.
- Add brake fluid to level A.
 Guideline

Level (A) (brake fluid level below reservoir rim) 5 mm (0.2 in)

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (

p. 126)

Position the cover with the membrane. Mount and tighten the screws.



nfo

Clean up overflowed or spilled brake fluid immediately with water.

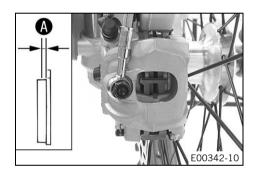
13.6 Checking the front brake linings



Warning

Danger of accidents Worn-out brake linings reduce the braking effect.

- Ensure that worn-out brake linings are replaced immediately. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



- Check the brake linings for minimum thickness $oldsymbol{\mathbb{A}}$.

Minimum thickness (A)

≥ 1 mm (≥ 0.04 in)

- If the minimum thickness is less than specified:
 - Change the front brake linings. ◄ (♥ p. 83)
- Check the brake linings for damage and cracking.
 - » If damage or cracking is visible:

13.7 Changing the front brake linings 🔌



Warning

Danger of accidents Incorrect maintenance will cause the brake system to fail.

- Ensure that service work and repairs are performed professionally. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.



Warning

Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Warning

Danger of accidents Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.

- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.



Warning

Danger of accidents Brake linings which have not been approved alter the braking efficiency.

Not all brake linings are tested and approved for KTM motorcycles. The structure and friction coefficient of the brake linings, and thus their brake power, may vary greatly from that of original brake linings.

If brake linings are used that differ from the original equipment, compliance with the original homologation is not guaranteed. In this case, the vehicle no longer corresponds to its condition at delivery and the warranty shall be void.

- Only use brake linings approved and recommended by KTM.



Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

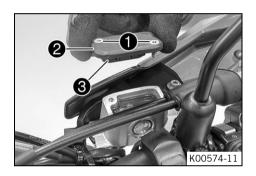


Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint.

Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.



- Move the brake fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
- Remove screws 1
- Remove cover **2** with membrane **3**.
- Press the brake caliper onto the brake disc by hand in order to push back the brake pistons. Ensure that brake fluid does not flow out of the brake fluid reservoir, extracting it by suction if it does.

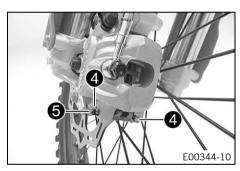


Info

Make sure that you do not press the brake caliper against the spokes when pushing back the brake pistons.

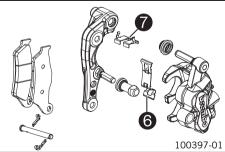


- Clean the brake caliper and brake caliper support.



caliper support are seated

Check that leaf spring **6** in the brake caliper and sliding plate **7** in the brake caliper support are seated correctly.



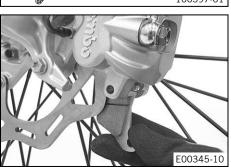
Insert the new brake linings, insert the pin, and mount the cotter pins.



Info

Always change the brake linings in pairs.

 Operate the hand brake lever repeatedly until the brake linings are in contact with the brake disc and there is a pressure point.





Correct the brake fluid quantity to level A.
 Guideline

Level (A) (brake fluid level below reservoir rim) 5 mm (0.2 in)

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (

p. 126)

Position the cover with the membrane. Mount and tighten the screws.



Info

Clean up overflowed or spilled brake fluid immediately with water.

13.8 Checking the free travel of foot brake lever

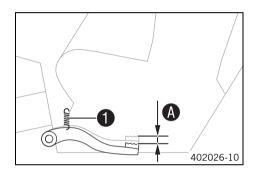


Warning

Danger of accidents The brake system fails in the event of overheating.

If there is no free travel on the foot brake lever, pressure builds up in the brake system on the rear brake.

- Set the free travel on the foot brake lever in accordance with the specification.



- Disconnect spring 1.
- Move the foot brake lever back and forth between the end stop and the contact to the foot brake cylinder piston and check free travel (A).
 Guideline

ĺ		
	Free travel at foot brake lever	3 5 mm (0.12 0.2 in)

- » If the free travel does not meet specifications:
- Reconnect spring 1.

13.9 Adjusting the basic position of the foot brake lever &

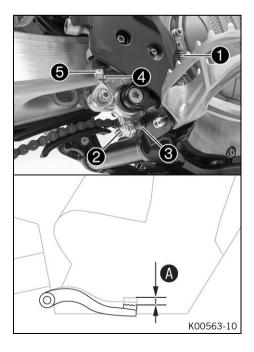


Warning

Danger of accidents The brake system fails in the event of overheating.

If there is no free travel on the foot brake lever, pressure builds up in the brake system on the rear brake.

- Set the free travel on the foot brake lever in accordance with the specification.



- Disconnect spring 1.
- Loosen nut **4** and, with push rod **5**, turn it back until you have maximum free
- To adjust the basic position of the foot brake lever individually, loosen nut 2 and turn screw 3 accordingly.



Info

The range of adjustment is limited.

Turn push rod **5** accordingly until you have free travel **A**. If necessary, adjust the basic position of the foot brake lever.

Guideline

Free travel at foot brake lever 3... 5 mm (0.12... 0.2 in)

Hold screw 3 and tighten nut 2.

Guideline

Nut, foot brake lever stop

M8

20 Nm
(14.8 lbf ft)

Hold push rod 6 and tighten nut 4.

Guideline

Remaining nuts, chassis M6 10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)

Reconnect spring 1.

13.10 Checking the rear brake fluid level



Warning

Danger of accidents An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail.

If the brake fluid level drops below the specified marking or the specified value, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.

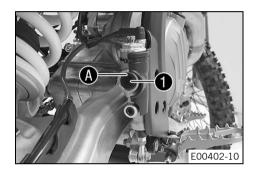
 Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Warning

Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



- Stand the vehicle upright.
- Check the brake fluid level in level viewer 1.
 - » If the brake fluid level has dropped below marking **A**:
 - Add rear brake fluid. 🔏 (🕮 p. 86)

13.11 Adding rear brake fluid 🔦



Warning

Danger of accidents An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail.

If the brake fluid level drops below the specified marking or the specified value, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.

 Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.



Warning

Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.



Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint.

Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.

Preparatory work

Check the rear brake linings. (Fig. 87)

Main work

- Stand the vehicle upright.
- Remove screw cap 1 with membrane 2 and the O-ring.
- Add brake fluid to level **A**.

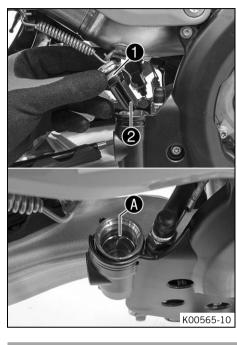
Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (₽ p. 126)

Mount the screw cap with the membrane and the O-ring.



Info

Clean up overflowed or spilled brake fluid immediately with water.



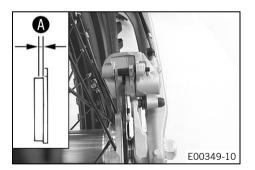
13.12 Checking the rear brake linings



Warning

Danger of accidents Worn-out brake linings reduce the braking effect.

- Ensure that worn-out brake linings are replaced immediately. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Check the brake linings for minimum thickness (A).



Minimum thickness A

≥ 1 mm (≥ 0.04 in)

- If the minimum thickness is less than specified:
 - Change the rear brake linings. ◄ (🕮 p. 87)
- Check the brake linings for damage and cracking.
 - If damage or cracking is visible:

13.13 Changing the rear brake linings &



Warning

Danger of accidents Incorrect maintenance will cause the brake system to fail.

Ensure that service work and repairs are performed professionally. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

13 BRAKE SYSTEM 88



Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

- Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
- If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.



Warning

Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



Warning

Danger of accidents Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.

- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.



Warning

Danger of accidents Brake linings which have not been approved alter the braking efficiency.

Not all brake linings are tested and approved for KTM motorcycles. The structure and friction coefficient of the brake linings, and thus their brake power, may vary greatly from that of original brake linings.

If brake linings are used that differ from the original equipment, compliance with the original homologation is not guaranteed. In this case, the vehicle no longer corresponds to its condition at delivery and the warranty shall be void.

Only use brake linings approved and recommended by KTM.



Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.



Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint.

Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.



3 3 E00351-10

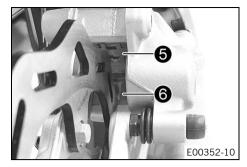
- Stand the vehicle upright.
- Remove screw cap 1 with membrane 2 and the O-ring.
- Press the brake piston back to its basic position and make sure that no brake fluid overflows from the brake fluid reservoir, extracting it if necessary.



Info

Make sure when pushing back the brake piston that you do not press the brake caliper against the spokes.

- Remove cotter pins **3**, pull out pin **4**, and remove the brake linings.
- Clean the brake caliper and brake caliper support.



Check that leaf spring **5** in the brake caliper and sliding plate **6** in the brake caliper support are seated correctly.



Insert the new brake linings, insert the pin, and mount the cotter pins.



Info

Always change the brake linings in pairs.

Operate the foot brake lever repeatedly until the brake linings are in contact with the brake disc and there is a pressure point.



Add brake fluid to level (A)

Mount screw cap **1** with membrane **2** and O-ring.

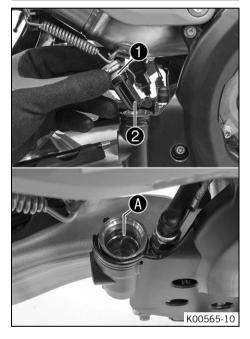
Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (

p. 126)



Info

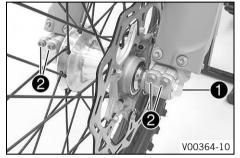
Clean up overflowed or spilled brake fluid immediately with water.

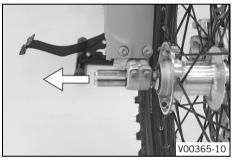


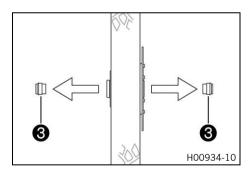
14.1 Removing the front wheel &



V00363-10







Preparatory work

Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (
p. 53)

Press the brake caliper onto the brake disc by hand in order to push back the brake pistons.



Info

Make sure that you do not press the brake caliper against the spokes when pushing back the brake pistons.

- Loosen screw 1 by several rotations.
- Loosen screws 2.
- Press on screw 1 to push the wheel spindle out of the axle clamp.
- Remove screw 1.



Warning

Danger of accidents Damaged brake discs reduce the braking effect.

- Always lay the wheel down in such a way that the brake disc is not dam-
- Holding the front wheel, withdraw the wheel spindle. Take the front wheel out of the fork.



Do not pull the hand brake lever when the front wheel is removed.

Remove spacers 3.

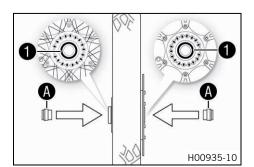
14.2 Installing the front wheel 🔌



Warning

Danger of accidents Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.

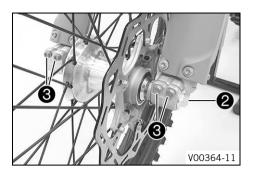
- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.



- Check the wheel bearing for damage and wear.
 - If the wheel bearing is damaged or worn:
 - Change the front wheel bearing.
- Clean and grease shaft seal rings 1 and contact surface A of the spacers.

Long-life grease (🕮 p. 127)

Insert the spacers.



- Position the front wheel and insert the wheel spindle.
 - ✓ The brake linings are correctly positioned.
- Mount and tighten screw **2**.

Guideline

Screw, front wheel spindle	M20x1.5	35 Nm (25.8 lbf ft)
		(23.6 IDI 11)

- Operate the hand brake lever several times until the brake linings are seated correctly against the brake disc.
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (
 p. 53)
- Operate the front brake and compress the fork a few times firmly.
 - ✓ The fork legs straighten.
- Tighten screws 🔞.

Guideline

Screw, fork stub	M8	15 Nm
		(11.1 lbf ft)

14.3 Removing the rear wheel 4

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (₽ p. 53)

∕lain work

 Press the brake caliper onto the brake disc by hand in order to push back the brake piston.



Info

Make sure when pushing back the brake piston that you do not press the brake caliper against the spokes.

- Remove nut 1.
- Remove chain adjuster **2**. Withdraw wheel spindle **3** only enough to allow the rear wheel to be pushed forward.
- Push the rear wheel forward as far as possible. Remove the chain from the rear sprocket.



Info

Cover the components to protect them against damage.



Warning

Danger of accidents Damaged brake discs reduce the braking effect.

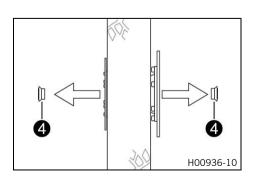
- Always lay the wheel down in such a way that the brake disc is not damaged.
- Holding the rear wheel, withdraw the wheel spindle. Take the rear wheel out of the swingarm.

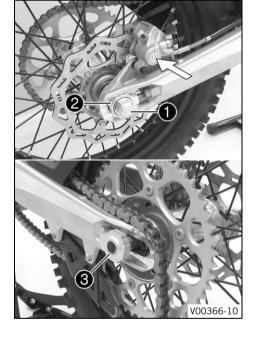


Info

Do not operate the foot brake lever when the rear wheel is removed.

Remove spacers 4.





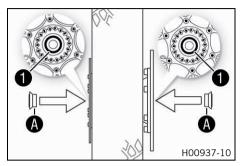
14.4 Installing the rear wheel



Warning

Danger of accidents Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.

- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.

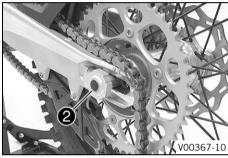


Main work

- Check the wheel bearing for damage and wear.
 - » If the wheel bearing is damaged or worn:
 - Change the rear wheel bearing.
- Clean and grease shaft seal rings and contact surface of the spacers.

Long-life grease (🕮 p. 127)

- Insert the spacers.
- Position the rear wheel and insert wheel spindle $oldsymbol{2}$.
 - ✓ The brake linings are correctly positioned.
- Mount the chain.



- Position chain adjuster 3. Mount nut 4, but do not tighten it yet.
- Make sure that chain adjusters **3** are fitted correctly on adjusting screws **5**.
- Check the chain tension. (p. 73)
- Tighten nut 4.

Guideline

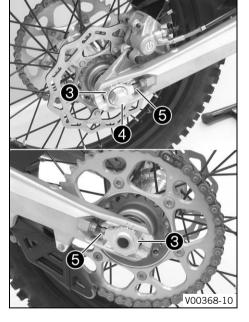
Nut, rear wheel spindle M20x1.5 80 Nm (59 lbf ft)



Info

The wide adjustment range of the chain adjusters (32 mm (1.26 in)) enables different secondary ratios with the same chain length. Chain adjusters **3** can be turned by 180°.

 Operate the foot brake lever repeatedly until the brake linings are in contact with the brake disc and there is a pressure point.



Finishing work

14.5 Checking the tire condition



Info

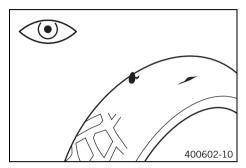
Only mount tires approved and/or recommended by KTM.

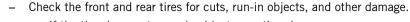
Other tires could have a negative effect on handling characteristics.

The type, condition, and air pressure of the tires all have a major impact on the handling of the motorcycle.

The tires mounted on the front and rear wheels must have a similar profile.

Worn tires have a negative effect on handling characteristics, especially on wet surfaces.





- » If the tires have cuts, run-in objects, or other damage:
 - Change the tires.
- Check the tread depth.

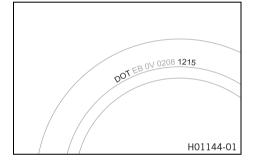


Info

Adhere to the legally required minimum tread depth.

Minimum tread depth	≥ 2 mm (≥ 0.08 in)
---------------------	--------------------

- » If the tread depth is less than the minimum tread depth:
 - Change the tires.
- Check the tire age.





Info

The tire date of manufacture is usually contained in the tire label and is indicated by the last four digits of the **DOT** number. The first two digits indicate the week of manufacture and the last two digits the year of manufacture.

KTM recommends that the tires be changed after 5 years at the latest, regardless of the actual state of wear.

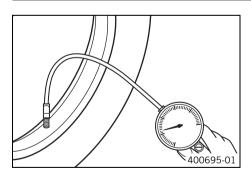
- » If the tires are more than 5 years old:
 - Change the tires.

14.6 Checking the tire air pressure



Info

Low tire air pressure leads to abnormal wear and overheating of the tire. Correct tire air pressure ensures optimal riding comfort and maximum tire service life.



- Remove the protection cap.
- Check the tire air pressure when the tires are cold.

Tire air pressure off road	
Front	1.0 bar (15 psi)
Rear	1.0 bar (15 psi)

Road tire pressure	
Front	1.5 bar (22 psi)
Rear	2.0 bar (29 psi)

- » If the tire pressure does not meet specifications:
 - Correct the tire pressure.
- Mount the protection cap.

14.7 Checking spoke tension

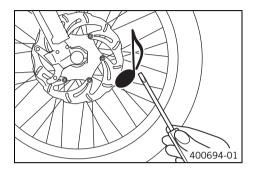


Warning

Danger of accidents Incorrectly tensioned spokes impair the handling characteristic and result in secondary damage.

The spokes break due to being overloaded if they are too tightly tensioned. If the tension in the spokes is too low, then lateral and radial run-out will form in the wheel. Other spokes will become looser as a result.

- Check spoke tension regularly, and in particular on a new vehicle. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



- Strike each spoke briefly using a screwdriver blade.



Info

The frequency of the sound depends on the spoke length and spoke diameter.

If you hear different tone frequencies from different spokes of equal length and diameter, this is an indication of different spoke tensions.

You should hear a high note.

- » If the spoke tension differs:
 - Correct the spoke tension.
- Check the spoke torque.

Guideline

Spoke nipple, front wheel	M4.5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)
Spoke nipple, rear wheel	M4.5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)

Torque wrench with various accessories in set (58429094000)

15.1 Removing the battery 🔌



Warning

Risk of injury Batteries contain harmful substances.

- Keep batteries out of the reach of children.
- Keep sparks and open flames away from the batteries.
- Only charge batteries in well-ventilated rooms.
- Maintain a minimum clearance from inflammable materials when charging batteries.

Minimum clearance 1 m (3 ft)

- Do not charge deeply discharged batteries if charge is already below the minimum voltage.

Minimum voltage before the start of the charge 9.

- Dispose of batteries with less than the minimum voltage correctly.

3 4

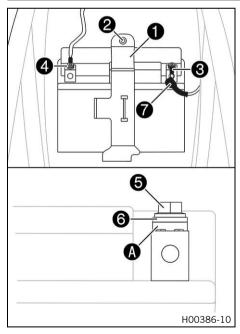
Preparatory work

- Switch off all power consumers and switch off the engine.
- Remove the seat. (@ p. 64)

Main work

- Disconnect negative cable from the battery.
- Pull back positive terminal cover 2 and disconnect the positive cable from the battery.
- Remove screw 3.
- Pull holding bracket **4** forward and remove battery toward the top.

15.2 Installing the battery 🔌



Main work

Insert the battery into the battery compartment with the terminals facing forward and secure with holding bracket 1.

Battery (HJTZ5S-FP) (🕮 p. 122)

Mount and tighten screw 2.

Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis M6 10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)

- Connect positive cable **3** to the battery.

Guideline

Screw, battery terminal	M5	2.5 Nm
		(1.84 lbf ft)

- Slide positive terminal cover over the positive terminal.
- Connect negative cable 4 to the battery.

Guideline

Screw, battery terminal	M5	2.5 Nm
		(1.84 lbf ft)

Contact disks **(A)** must be mounted under screws **(5)** and cable sockets **(6)** with the claws toward the battery terminal.

Finishing work

- Mount the seat. (🕮 p. 65)

15.3 Recharging the battery 4



Warning

Environmental hazard Batteries contain environmentally-hazardous materials.

- Do not dispose of batteries as household waste.
- Dispose of batteries at a collection point for used batteries.



Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.



Info

Even when there is no load on the battery, it discharges steadily.

The charging level and the method of charging are very important for the service life of the battery.

Rapid recharging with a high charging current shortens the service life of the battery.

If the battery is depleted by repeated starting, the battery must be charged immediately.



Preparatory work

- Switch off all power consumers and switch off the engine.
- Remove the seat. (🕮 p. 64)
- Remove the battery. (Image: p. 95)

Main work



Warning

Risk of injury Batteries contain harmful substances.

- Keep batteries out of the reach of children.
- Keep sparks and open flames away from the batteries.
- Only charge batteries in well-ventilated rooms.
- Maintain a minimum clearance from inflammable materials when charging batteries.

Minimum clearance

1 m (3 ft)

 Do not charge deeply discharged batteries if charge is already below the minimum voltage.

Minimum voltage before the start 9 of the charge

- Dispose of batteries with less than the minimum voltage correctly.
- Check the battery voltage.
 - » Battery voltage: < 9 V</p>
 - Do not charge the battery.
 - Replace the battery and dispose of the old battery properly.
 - » If the specifications have been met:

Battery voltage: ≥ 9 V

Recharge the battery.

Guideline

Maximum charging voltage	14.4 V
Maximum charging current	3.0 A
Maximum charging time	12 h
Charge the battery regularly when the motorcycle is not in use	6 months
Ideal charging and storage temperature of the lithium-ion battery	10 20 °C (50 68 °F)



Info

If the charging current, charging voltage, or charging time are exceeded, the battery will be destroyed.

If the battery is left in a discharged state for an extended period, it will become over-discharged and sulfated, destroying the battery. The battery is maintenance-free.

Never remove cover

Connect the battery charger to the battery. Switch on the battery charger.

Battery charger (58429074000)

The charging time may be longer at low temperatures.

This battery charger is not suitable for the trickle charging of lithium-ion batteries.

Switch off the battery charger after charging and disconnect from the battery.

Finishing work

- Install the battery. 🔌 (🕮 p. 95)
- Mount the seat. (p. 65)

15.4 Changing the main fuse



Warning

Fire hazard Incorrect fuses overload the electrical system.

- Only use fuses with the required ampere value.
- Do not bypass or repair fuses.

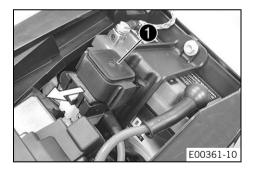


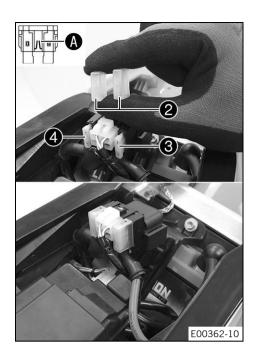
The main fuse protects all power consumers of the vehicle.

Preparatory work

- Switch off all power consumers and switch off the engine.
- Remove the seat. (
 p. 64)

Pull starter relay 1 from the holder.





- Take off protection caps 2.
- Remove faulty main fuse 3.



Info

You can recognize a defective fuse by a burned-out fuse wire **A**. A spare fuse 4 is located in the starter relay.

Install a new main fuse.

Fuse (58011109120) (🕮 p. 122)

Check that the electrical equipment is functioning properly.



Tip

Insert a spare fuse so that it is available if needed.

- Mount the starter relay onto the holder and route the cable.
- Mount the protection caps.

Finishing work

Mount the seat. (
p. 65)

15.5 Changing the fuses of individual power consumers



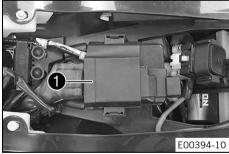
Info

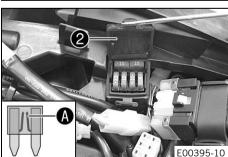
The fuse box containing the fuses of individual power consumers is located under the seat.

Preparatory work

- Switch off all power consumers and switch off the engine.
- Remove the seat. (
 p. 64)

Pull EFI control unit **1** from the holder and hang it to one side.





- Open fuse box cover **2**.
- Remove the defective fuse.

Guideline

Fuse 1 - 10 A - EFI control unit, speedometer, fuel injection, diagnostics connec-

Fuse 2 - 10 A - high beam, low beam, parking light, tail light, license plate lamp

Fuse 3 - 10 A - radiator fan, horn, brake light, turn signal

Fuse 4 - 5 A - fuel pump

Fuses res - 10 A - spare fuse



Info

You can recognize a defective fuse by a burned-out fuse wire **A**.





Warning

Fire hazard Incorrect fuses overload the electrical system.

- Only use fuses with the required ampere value.
- Do not bypass or repair fuses.

Use spare fuses with the correct rating only.

Fuse (75011088010) (p. 122)
Fuse (58011109105) (p. 122)



Tip

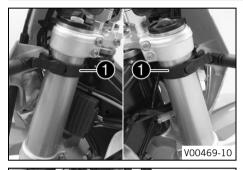
Replace the spare fuse in the fuse box so that it is available if needed.

- Check that the power consumer is functioning properly.
- Close the fuse box cover.
- Mount EFI control unit 1 on the holder.

Finishing work

- Mount the seat. (
p. 65)

15.6 Removing the headlight mask with the headlight

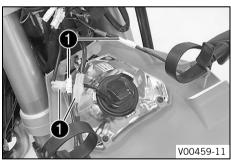


- Switch off all power consumers and switch off the engine.
- Detach the brake line and wiring harness from the headlight mask.
- Release rubber bands 1. Slide the headlight mask up and swing it forward.



Detach plug-in connectors 2 and take off the headlight mask with the headlight.

15.7 Installing the headlight mask with the headlight



Main work

Connect plug-in connectors 1.



- Position the headlight mask and fix it with rubber bands 2.
 - ✓ The holding lugs engage in the fender.
- Position the brake line and wiring harness in the brake line guide.

Finishing work

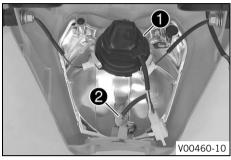
- Check the headlight setting. (@p. 101)

15.8 Changing the headlight bulb

Note

Damage to reflector Reduced brightness.

Grease on the lamp will evaporate due to the heat and be deposited on the reflector. Clean the lamp and keep it free of grease before mounting.

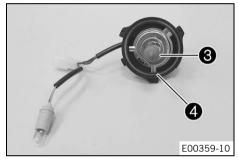




Preparatory work

Remove the headlight mask with the headlight. (\$\text{\$\mathbb{Q}\$} p. 99)

- Turn protection cap 1 together with the underlying bulb socket counterclockwise all the way and remove it.
- Pull bulb socket **2** of the parking light out of the reflector.



- Pull out headlight bulb 3.
- Insert the new headlight bulb.

Headlight (HS1 / socket PX43t) (

p. 122)

Insert the protection cap with the bulb socket into the reflector and turn it clockwise all the way.



Info

Ensure that O-ring 4 is seated properly.

Insert the bulb socket of the parking light into the reflector.

Finishing work

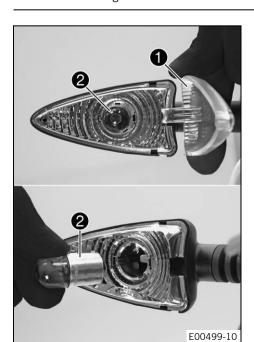
- Install the headlight mask with the headlight. (\$\text{\text{\$\text{\$}}}\$ p. 99)
- Check the headlight setting. (p. 101)

15.9 Changing the turn signal bulb

Note

Damage to reflector Reduced brightness.

Grease on the lamp will evaporate due to the heat and be deposited on the reflector. Clean the lamp and keep it free of grease before mounting.



Main work

- Remove the screw and carefully remove diffuser 1.
- Press the turn signal bulb **2** carefully into the socket, turn it counterclockwise by about 30°, and take it out of the socket.



Info

Do not touch the reflector with your fingers, and keep it free from grease.

Press the new turn signal bulb carefully into the socket and turn it clockwise until

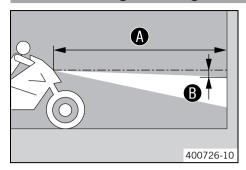
Turn signal (RY10W / socket BAU15s) (
p. 122)

- Position the diffuser.
- Insert the screw and first turn it counterclockwise until it engages in the thread. Tighten the screw slightly.

Finishing work

Check that the turn signal system is functioning properly.

15.10 Checking the headlight setting



Position the vehicle upright on a horizontal surface in front of a light wall and make a mark at the height of the center of the low beam headlight.

5 cm (2 in)

Make another mark a distance **B** under the first mark. Guideline

Distance **B**

Position the vehicle vertically at a distance **A** away from the wall.

Guideline 5 m (16 ft) Distance A

- The rider now sits down on the motorcycle.
- Switch on the low beam.
- Check the headlight setting.

The boundary between light and dark must be exactly on the lower mark for a motorcycle with driver.

- If the light-dark border does not meet specifications:
 - Adjust the headlight range. (
 p. 101)

15.11 Adjusting the headlight range

Preparatory work

Check the headlight setting. (@ p. 101)

Main work

- Loosen screw 1.
- Adjust the headlight range by pivoting the headlight.

Guideline

The boundary between light and dark must be exactly on the lower marking for a motorcycle with rider (instructions on how to apply the marking: Checking the headlight setting).



A change in weight on the vehicle may require a correction of the headlight range.

Tighten screw 1.



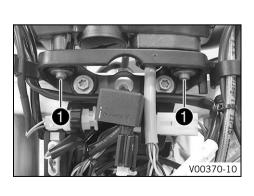
Changing the speedometer battery

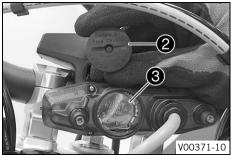
Preparatory work

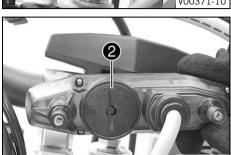
Remove the headlight mask with the headlight. (
p. 99)

- Remove screws 1 with the washers.
- Pull the speedometer upward out of the holder.









- Using a coin, turn protection cap **2** all the way counterclockwise and remove it.
- Remove speedometer battery 3.
- Insert the new battery with the label facing upward.

Speedometer battery (CR 2430) (
p. 122)

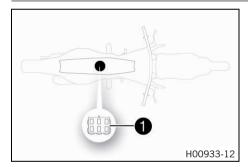
- Check the O-ring of the protection cap for correct seating.

- Position protection cap **2** and turn all the way clockwise using a coin.
- Press any button on the speedometer.
 - ✓ The speedometer is activated.
- Position the speedometer in the holder.
- Mount and tighten the screws with washers.

Finishing work

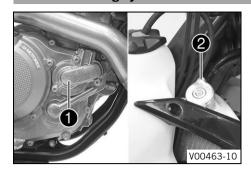
- Check the headlight setting. (🕮 p. 101)

15.13 Diagnostics connector



Diagnostics connector 1 is located under the seat.

16.1 Cooling system



The water pump 1 in the engine circulates the coolant.

The pressure resulting from the warming of the cooling system is regulated by a valve in radiator cap 2. This ensures that operating the vehicle at the specified coolant temperature will not result in a risk of malfunctions.

120 °C (248 °F)

Cooling is effected by the air stream.

The lower the speed, the less the cooling effect. Dirty cooling fins also reduce the cooling effect.

The radiator fan provides extra cooling. It is controlled by a thermoswitch.

16.2 Checking the antifreeze and coolant level



Warning

Danger of scalding During motorcycle operation, the coolant gets very hot and is under pressure.

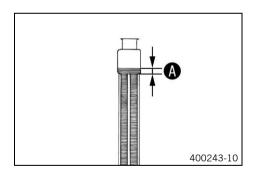
- Do not open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other cooling system components if the engine or the cooling system are at operating temperature.
- Allow the cooling system and the engine to cool down before you open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other components
 of the cooling system.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.



Warning

Danger of poisoning Coolant is toxic and a health hazard.

- Keep coolant out of the reach of children.
- Do not allow coolant to come into contact with the skin, the eyes and clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if coolant is swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water and consult a doctor immediately if coolant gets into the eyes.
- Change clothing if coolant spills onto your clothing.



Condition

The engine is cold.

- Stand the motorcycle upright on a horizontal surface.
- Remove the radiator cap.
- Check the antifreeze in the coolant.

- » If the antifreeze in the coolant does not match the specified value:
 - Correct the antifreeze in the coolant.
- Check the coolant level in the radiator.

Coolant level (A) above the radiator 10 mm (0.39 in) fins

- » If the coolant level does not match the specified value:
 - Correct the coolant level.

Coolant (🕮 p. 126)

Mount the radiator cap.

16.3 Checking the coolant level



Warning

Danger of scalding During motorcycle operation, the coolant gets very hot and is under pressure.

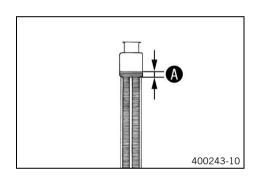
- Do not open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other cooling system components if the engine or the cooling system are at operating temperature.
- Allow the cooling system and the engine to cool down before you open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other components of the cooling system.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.



Warning

Danger of poisoning Coolant is toxic and a health hazard.

- Keep coolant out of the reach of children.
- Do not allow coolant to come into contact with the skin, the eyes and clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if coolant is swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water and consult a doctor immediately if coolant gets into the eyes.
- Change clothing if coolant spills onto your clothing.



Condition

The engine is cold.

- Stand the motorcycle upright on a horizontal surface.
- Remove the radiator cap.
- Check the coolant level in the radiator.

Coolant level (A) above the radiator	10 mm (0.39 in)
fins	

- » If the coolant level does not match the specified value:
 - Correct the coolant level.

Coolant (🕮 p. 126)

Mount the radiator cap.

16.4 Draining the coolant 🔦



Warning

Danger of scalding During motorcycle operation, the coolant gets very hot and is under pressure.

- Do not open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other cooling system components if the engine or the cooling system are at operating temperature.
- Allow the cooling system and the engine to cool down before you open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other components
 of the cooling system.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.



Warning

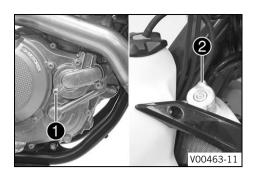
Danger of poisoning Coolant is toxic and a health hazard.

- Keep coolant out of the reach of children.
- Do not allow coolant to come into contact with the skin, the eyes and clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if coolant is swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water and consult a doctor immediately if coolant gets into the eyes.
- Change clothing if coolant spills onto your clothing.

Condition

The engine is cold.

Preparatory work (450 EXC-F Six Days US)



Main work

- Position the motorcycle upright.
- Place a suitable container under the water pump cover.
- Remove screw 1. Take off radiator cap 2.
- Completely drain the coolant.
- Mount and tighten screw with a new seal ring.
 Guideline

Ī	Screw, water pump cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)

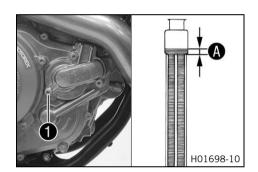
16.5 Refilling coolant 🔦



Warning

Danger of poisoning Coolant is toxic and a health hazard.

- Keep coolant out of the reach of children.
- Do not allow coolant to come into contact with the skin, the eyes and clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if coolant is swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water and consult a doctor immediately if coolant gets into the eyes.
- Change clothing if coolant spills onto your clothing.



Main work

- Make sure that the screw 1 is tightened.
- Stand the vehicle upright.
- Pour coolant in up to measurement
 A above the radiator fins.
 Guideline

	10 mm (0.39 in)		
Ī	Coolant	1.2 l (1.3 qt.)	Coolant (@ p. 126)

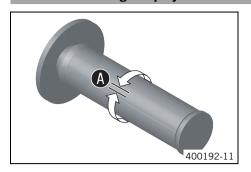
Refit the radiator cap.

Finishing work

(450 EXC-F Six Days US)

- Install the engine guard. (@ p. 80)
- Take a short test ride.
- Check the coolant level. (p. 104)

17.1 Checking the play in the throttle cable



- Check the throttle grip for smooth operation.
- Move the handlebar to the straight-ahead position. Turn the throttle grip back and forth slightly and determine the play in throttle cable (A).

Play in throttle cable

3... 5 mm (0.12... 0.2 in)

- » If the throttle cable play does not meet the specified value:
 - Adjust the play in the throttle cable. 4 (
 p. 106)
- Push the cold start button in all the way.

When the throttle grip is turned forward, the cold start button returns to its original position.

- » If the cold start button does not return to its original position:
 - Adjust the play in the throttle cable. 4 (
 p. 106)



Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use an effective exhaust extraction system when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.
- Start the engine and let it run idle. Move the handlebar to and fro over the entire steering range.

The idle speed must not change.

- » If the idle speed changes:

17.2 Adjusting the play in the throttle cable 4



Info

If the correct routing of the throttle cables has already been secured, the fuel tank does not need to be removed.

Preparatory work

- Remove the fuel tank. 🔌 (🕮 p. 70)

Main work

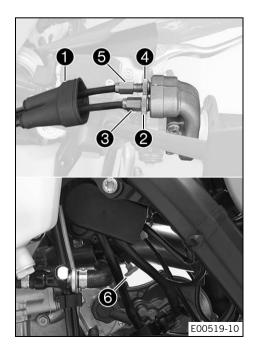
- Move the handlebar to the straight-ahead position.
 - Push back sleeve 1.
- Loosen nut 2.
- Turn adjusting screw (3) in as far as possible.
- Loosen nut 4.
- Push cold start button 6 all the way to the stop.
- Turn adjusting screw 5 so that the cold start button moves to the basic position when the throttle grip is turned to the front.
- Tighten nut 4.
- Turn adjusting screw **3** so that there is play in the throttle cable at the throttle grip.

Guideline

Play in throttle cable 3... 5 mm (0.12... 0.2 in)

- Tighten nut 2.
- Slide on sleeve 1.
- Check the throttle grip for smooth operation.

Finishing work

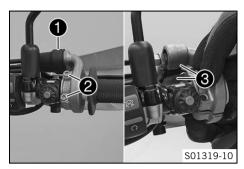


17.3 Setting the characteristic map of the throttle response 4



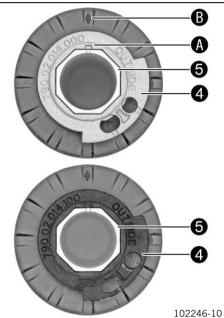
Info

On the throttle grip, the characteristic map of the throttle response is changed by changing the guide plate. A guide plate with a different characteristic map is supplied.



Main work

- Push back sleeve 1.
- Remove screws **2** and half-shells **3**.
- Detach the throttle cables and take off the grip tube.



- Remove guide plate 4 from handle tube 5.
- Position the required guide plate on the grip tube.

Guideline

The label **OUTSIDE** must be visible. Marking $oldsymbol{\mathbb{A}}$ must be positioned at marking $oldsymbol{\mathbb{B}}$.

Alternative 1

Grey guide plate (79002014000)

Alternative 2

Black guide plate (79002014100)

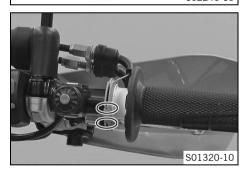


Info

The gray guide plate opens the throttle valve more slowly.

The black guide plate opens the throttle valve more quickly.

The gray guide plate is mounted upon delivery.



- Clean the outside of the handlebar and the inside of the grip tube. Mount the grip tube on the handlebar.
- Attach the throttle cables to the guide plate and route correctly.
- Position half-shells 3, mount and tighten screws 2.
 Guideline

Screw, throttle grip M6 5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)

Slide on sleeve 1 and check the throttle grip for ease of movement.

Finishing work

- Check the play in the throttle cable. (p. 106)

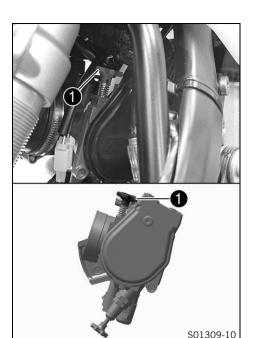
17.4 Adjusting the idle speed 🔦



Warning

Danger of accidents The engine may go out spontaneously if the idle speed is set too low.

Set the idle speed to the specified value. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)



- Run the engine until warm.

✓ The cold start button is deactivated – The cold start button is in its basic position. (

p. 20)



Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use an effective exhaust extraction system when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.
- Set the idle speed by turning idle speed adjusting screw ①.
 Guideline

Idle speed	1,800 1,900 rpm
------------	-----------------

Tachometer (45129075000)



Info

Turning counterclockwise lowers the idle speed.

Turning clockwise raises the idle speed.

17.5 Teaching the throttle valve position



Info

If the control unit detects that the throttle valve idle position needs to be retaught, then the malfunction indicator lamp flashes 2x per second.



Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use an effective exhaust extraction system when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.
- Allow the vehicle to idle.
 - ✓ The malfunction indicator lamp stops flashing once teaching is completed.



Info

If the engine becomes too hot, perform a cool-down ride at medium revs.

Then do not switch off the engine after this, but leave it running at idle speed until teaching is completed.

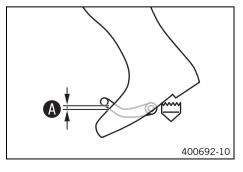
17.6 Checking the basic position of the shift lever



Info

When driving, the shift lever must not touch the driver's boot when in the basic position. When the shift lever keeps touching the boot, the transmission will be subject to an excessive load.

the sinit level keeps touching the boot, the transmission will be subject to an excessive load.

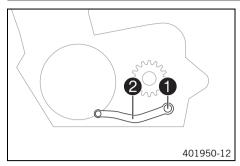


 Sit on the vehicle in the riding position and determine the distance A between the upper edge of your boot and the shift lever.

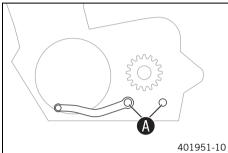
Gap between the shift lever and the top of the boot 10... 20 mm (0.39... 0.79 in)

- » If the distance does not meet the specifications:
 - Adjust the basic position of the shift lever. ♣ (₽ p. 109)

17.7 Adjusting the basic position of the shift lever 🔌



- Remove screw 1 with washers and take off shift lever 2.



- Clean gear teeth **A** of the shift lever and shift shaft.
- Mount the shift lever on the shift shaft in the required position and engage the gearing.



Info

The range of adjustment is limited.

The shift lever must not come into contact with any other vehicle components during the shift procedure.

Mount and tighten screw with the washers.

Guideline

Screw, shift lever	M6	14 Nm	Loctite [®] 243™
		(10.3 lbf ft)	

18.1 Changing the fuel screen 🔦



Danger

Fire hazard Fuel is highly flammable.

The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and can escape if overfilled.

- Do not refuel the vehicle in the vicinity of open flames or lit cigarettes.
- Switch off the engine for refueling.
- Make sure that no fuel is spilled; particularly not on hot parts of the vehicle.
- If any fuel is spilled, wipe it off immediately.
- Observe the specifications for refueling.



Warning

Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

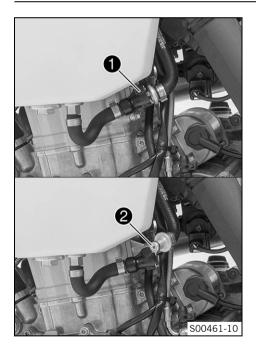
- Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
- Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
- Do not inhale fuel vapors.
- In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
- Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
- Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.



Varning

Environmental hazard Improper handling of fuel is a danger to the environment.

- Do not allow fuel to enter the groundwater, the soil, or the sewage system.



Clean plug-in connection 1 of the fuel line thoroughly with compressed air.



Info

Under no circumstances should dirt enter into the fuel line. Dirt in the fuel line clogs the injection valve!

Disconnect the plug-in connection of the fuel line.



Info

Remaining fuel may flow out of the fuel hose.

- Pull fuel screen **2** out of the connecting piece.
- Insert the new fuel screen all the way into the connecting piece.
- Lubricate the O-ring and connect plug-in connection of the fuel line.



Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use an effective exhaust extraction system when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.
- Start the engine and check the response.

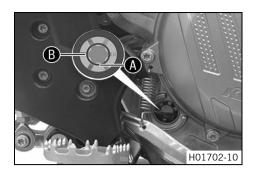
18.2 Checking the engine oil level

Condition

The engine is at operating temperature.

Preparatory work

- Stand the motorcycle upright on a horizontal surface.



Main work

- Check the engine oil level.



Info

After switching off the engine, wait one minute before checking the level.

The engine oil is at a level between lower edge $\bf A$ and the middle of level viewer $\bf B$.

- » If the engine oil is not up to lower edge (A) of the level viewer:
 - Add engine oil. (🕮 p. 113)

18.3 Changing the engine oil and oil filter, cleaning the oil screens 4



Warning

Danger of scalding Engine and gear oil get very hot when the motorcycle is ridden.

- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety gloves.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.



Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.



Info

Drain engine oil with engine at operating temperature.

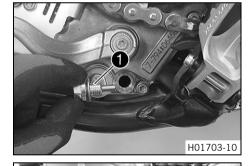
Preparatory work

(450 EXC-F Six Days US)

- Remove the engine guard. (
 p. 80)
- Park the motorcycle on a level surface.

Main work

- Place a suitable container under the engine.
- Remove oil drain plug 1 with the magnet and seal ring.

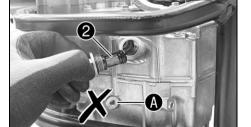


- Remove screw plug **2** with the short oil screen and the O-rings.

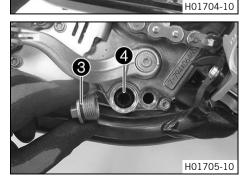


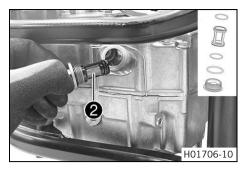
Info

Do not remove screw A.



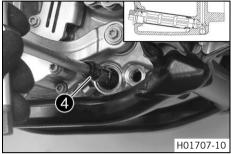
- Remove screw plug **3** with the long oil screen **4** and the O-rings.
- Completely drain the engine oil.
- Thoroughly clean the parts and sealing surfaces.



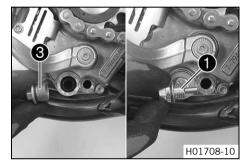


Mount and tighten screw plug with the short oil screen and the O-rings.
 Guideline

Screw plug, oil screen	M20x1.5	15 Nm
		(11.1 lbf ft)



- Position long oil screen 4 with the O-rings on a pin wrench.
- Position the pin wrench through the drilled hole of the screw plug in the opposite section of the engine case.
- Push the oil screen all the way into the engine case.

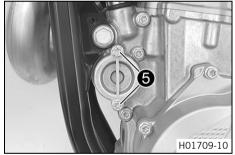


Mount and tighten screw plug with the O-ring.
 Guideline

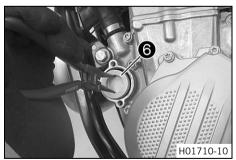
Screw plug, oil screen	M20x1.5	15 Nm
		(11.1 lbf ft)

Mount and tighten oil drain plug with the magnet and a new seal ring.
 Guideline

Oil drain plug with magnet	M12x1.5	20 Nm
		(14.8 lbf ft)



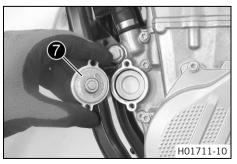
- Remove screws **5**. Remove the oil filter cover with the O-ring.



- Pull oil filter **6** out of the oil filter housing.

Circlip pliers reverse (51012011000)

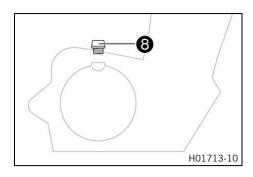
- Completely drain the engine oil.
- Thoroughly clean the parts and sealing surface.



- Lay the motorcycle on its side and fill the oil filter housing to about $\frac{1}{3}$ full with engine oil.
- Insert the new oil filter into the oil filter housing.
- Oil the O-ring of the oil filter cover and mount it with the oil filter cover ?.
- Mount and tighten the screws.
 Guideline

Screw, oil filter cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)

Stand the motorcycle upright.



 Remove filler plug (3) with the O-ring from the clutch cover and fill up with engine oil.



Info

Too little engine oil or poor-quality engine oil results in premature wear of the engine.

Install and tighten the oil filler plug with O-ring.



Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use an effective exhaust extraction system when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.
- Start the engine and check that it is oil-tight.

Finishing work

(450 EXC-F Six Days US)

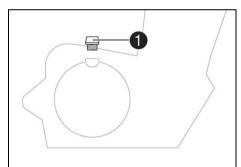
- Install the engine guard. (\$\square\$ p. 80)

18.4 Adding engine oil



Info

Too little engine oil or poor-quality engine oil results in premature wear to the engine.





Main work

- Remove the oil filler plug 1 with the O-ring from the clutch cover.
- Fill engine oil to the middle A of the level viewer.
- Add the same engine oil that was used when the motor was changed.

Engine oil (SAE 10W/50) (🕮 p. 126)



Info

For optimal performance of the engine oil, do not mix different types of engine oil.

If appropriate, change the engine oil.

Install and tighten the oil filler plug with O-ring.



Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine
- Use an effective exhaust extraction system when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.
- Start the engine and check that it is oil-tight.

Finishing work

19.1 Cleaning the motorcycle

Note

Material damage Components become damaged or destroyed if a pressure cleaner is used incorrectly.

The high pressure forces water into the electrical components, connectors, throttle cables, and bearings, etc. Pressure which is too high causes malfunctions and destroys components.

- Do not direct the water jet directly on to electrical components, connectors, throttle cables or bearings.
- Maintain a minimum distance between the nozzle of the pressure cleaner and the component.
 Minimum clearance
 60 cm (23.6 in)



Warning

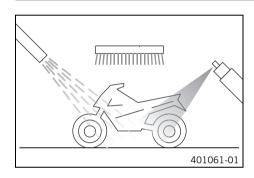
Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.



Info

To maintain the value and appearance of the motorcycle over a long period, clean it regularly. Avoid direct sunshine when cleaning the motorcycle.



- Close off the exhaust system to keep water from entering.
- Remove coarse dirt particles with a gentle water jet.
- Spray dirty parts with a normal commercial engine cleaner and then brush off with a soft brush.

Motorcycle cleaner (p. 127)



Info

Use warm water containing normal motorcycle cleaner and a soft sponge. Never apply motorcycle cleaner to a dry vehicle; always rinse the vehicle with water first.

- After rinsing the motorcycle with a gentle spray of water, allow it to dry thoroughly.
- Remove the closure of the exhaust system.



Warning

Danger of accidents Moisture and dirt impair the brake system.

- Brake carefully several times to dry out and remove dirt from the brake linings and the brake discs.
- After cleaning, ride the vehicle a short distance until the engine warms up.



Info

The heat produced causes water at inaccessible locations in the engine and on the brake system to evaporate.

- After the motorcycle has cooled off, lubricate all moving parts and bearings.
- Treat bare metal (except for brake discs and the exhaust system) with a corrosion inhibitor.

Preserving materials for paints, metal and rubber (🕮 p. 127)

Treat all plastic parts and powder-coated parts with a mild cleaning and care product

Special cleaner for glossy and matte paint finishes, metal and plastic surfaces (🕮 p. 127)

Grease steering lock.

Universal oil spray (🕮 p. 127)

Grease the ignition switch.

Universal oil spray (🕮 p. 127)

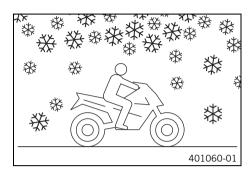
19.2 Checks and maintenance steps for winter operation



Info

If you use the vehicle in winter, you must expect salt on the roads. You should therefore take precautions against aggressive road salt.

If the vehicle was operated in road salt, clean it with cold water after riding. Warm water would enhance the corrosive effects of salt



- Clean the brake system.



Info

After **EVERY** trip on salted roads, thoroughly wash the brake calipers and brake linings, in the cooled down and installed state, with cold water and dry carefully.

After riding on salted roads, thoroughly wash the vehicle with cold water and dry it well.

 Treat the engine, swingarm, and all other bright and zinc-plated parts (except for the brake discs) with a wax-based corrosion inhibitor.



Info

Corrosion inhibitor is not permitted to come in contact with the brake discs as this would greatly reduce the braking force.

Clean the chain. (
 p. 73)

20 STORAGE 116

20.1 Storage



Warning

Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

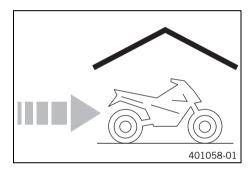
- Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
- Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
- Do not inhale fuel vapors.
- In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
- Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
- Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.
- Keep fuels correctly in a suitable canister, and out of the reach of children.



Info

If you want to garage the motorcycle for a longer period, take the following steps.

Before storing the motorcycle, check all parts for function and wear. If service, repairs or replacements are necessary, you should do this during the storage period (less workshop overload). In this way, you can avoid long workshop waiting times at the start of the new season.



 When refueling for the last time before taking the motorcycle out of service, add fuel additive.

Fuel additive (🕮 p. 127)

- Refuel. (
 p. 41)
- Clean the motorcycle. (
 p. 114)

- Remove the battery. → (₽ p. 95)

Guideline

Storage temperature of battery without	0 35 °C (32 95 °F)
direct sunlight	

Store the vehicle in a dry location that is not subject to large fluctuations in temperature.



Info

KTM recommends raising the motorcycle.

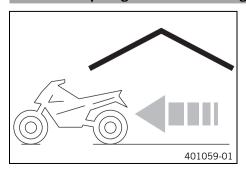
- Raise the motorcycle with the lift stand. (■ p. 53)
- Preferably cover the vehicle with a tarp or similar cover that is permeable to air.
 Do not use non-porous materials since they prevent humidity from escaping, thus causing corrosion.



Info

Avoid running the engine for a short time only. Since the engine cannot warm up properly, the water vapor produced during combustion condenses and causes valves and exhaust system to rust.

20.2 Preparing for use after storage



- Install the battery. ◀ (學 p. 95)
- Perform checks and maintenance measures when preparing for use. (p. 38)
- Take a test ride.

Faults	Possible cause	Action
The engine cannot be cranked (elec-	Operating error	– Carry out the start procedure. (🕮 p. 38)
tric starter)	Battery is discharged	 Recharge the battery. ▲ (
		 Check the charging voltage.
		 Check the closed current. ⁴
		 Check the stator winding of the alternator.
	Main fuse blown	- Change the main fuse. (🕮 p. 97)
	Starter relay defective	 Check the starter relay. ⁴
	Starter motor defective	 Check the starter motor. ⁴
The engine turns but does not start	Operating error	- Carry out the start procedure. (🗐 p. 38)
	The plug-in connection of the fuel hose connection is not connected	 Connect the plug-in connection of the fuel line.
	Fuse 1 blown	 Change the fuses of individual power consumers. (p. 98)
	Fuse 4 blown	 Change the fuses of individual power consumers. (p. 98)
	Idle speed is not set correctly	 Adjust the idle speed. ◄ (♠ p. 107)
	Spark plug oily or wet	 Clean and dry the spark plug or replace if necessary.
	Electrode distance (plug gap) of spark	 Adjust the plug gap.
	plug too wide	Guideline Spark plug electrode gap 1.0 mm (0.039 in)
	Ignition system defective	 Check the ignition system. ⁴
	Short-circuit cable in wiring harness	 Check the wiring harness. (visual check)
	frayed, kill switch or emergency OFF switch defective	 Check the electrical system.
	Defect in fuel injection system	 Read out the fault memory using the KTM diagnostics tool. <
Engine does not speed up	Defect in fuel injection system	 Read out the fault memory using the KTM diagnostics tool. <
	Ignition system defective	– Ignition coil - check the secondary winding. \blacktriangleleft
		 Check the spark plug connector.
		 Check the stator winding of the alternator.
Engine has too little power	Air filter heavily contaminated	 Clean the air filter and air filter box. ⁴ (♠ p. 67)
	Fuel filter is very dirty	 Change the fuel filter.
	Fuel screen is very dirty	- Change the fuel screen. ◀ (興 p. 110)
	Defect in fuel injection system	 Read out the fault memory using the KTM diagnostics tool. <
	Exhaust system leaky, deformed or	 Check exhaust system for damage.
	too little glass fiber yarn filling in main silencer	 Change glass fiber yarn filling in the main silencer.
	Valve clearance too little	 Adjust the valve clearance. ⁴
	Ignition system defective	- Ignition coil - check the secondary winding. 🔦
		 Check the spark plug connector.
		 Check the stator winding of the alternator.
The engine dies during the trip	Lack of fuel	- Refuel. (♀ p. 41)
	Fuse 1 blown	 Change the fuses of individual power consumers. (p. 98)
	Fuse 4 blown	 Change the fuses of individual power consumers. (p. 98)
Engine overheats	Coolant level low in cooling system	- Check the cooling system for leaks.
		- Check the coolant level. (🕮 p. 104)
	Insufficient airflow	 Switch off engine when stationary.
	Radiator fins very dirty	 Clean radiator fins.

Faults	Possible cause	Action
Engine overheats	Foam formation in cooling system	 Drain the coolant. ♣ (♠ p. 104)
		 Refill the coolant. ♣ (♀ p. 105)
	Bent radiator hose	 Change the radiator hose. ⁴
	Thermostat defective	 Check the thermostat. ⁴
		Guideline Opening temperature: 70 °C (158 °F)
	Defect in radiator fan system	 Check the radiator fan fuse.
		- Check fuse 4 .
		 Check the radiator fan. ⁴
Malfunction indicator lamp lights up or flashes	Defect in fuel injection system	 Stop the motorcycle and identify the faulty part using the blink code.
		 Check the cabling for damage and the electri- cal plug-in connectors for corrosion and dam- age.
		 Read out the fault memory using the KTM diagnostics tool.
High oil consumption	Engine vent hose bent	 Route the vent hose without bends or replace it if necessary.
	Engine oil level too high	 Check the engine oil level. (□ p. 110)
	Engine oil too thin (low viscosity)	 Change the engine oil and oil filter and clean the oil screens. ▲ (♠ p. 111)
	Piston and cylinder worn	 Measure the piston/cylinder mounting clear- ance.
Battery discharged	Battery is not being charged by alter-	 Check the charging voltage. ◀
	nator	 Check the stator winding of the alternator.
	Undesired power consumer	 Check the closed current. ⁴
Speedometer values deleted (time, stop watch, lap times)	The battery in the speedometer is discharged	Change the speedometer battery. (p. 101)
The high beam, low beam, tail light, parking light, and license plate lamp are not working	Fuse 2 blown	 Change the fuses of individual power consumers. (
The horn, brake light, turn signal, and radiator fan are not working	Fuse 3 blown	 Change the fuses of individual power consumers. (

22.1 Engine

Design	1-cylinder 4-stroke engine, water-cooled
Displacement (450 EXC-F Six Days US)	449.9 cm ³ (27.455 cu in)
Displacement (500 EXC-F US)	510.9 cm ³ (31.177 cu in)
Stroke (450 EXC-F Six Days US)	63.4 mm (2.496 in)
Stroke (500 EXC-F US)	72 mm (2.83 in)
Bore	95 mm (3.74 in)
Compression ratio	11.8:1
Idle speed	1,800 1,900 rpm
Control	OHC, 4 valves controlled via rocker arm
Valve diameter, intake	40 mm (1.57 in)
Valve diameter, exhaust	33 mm (1.3 in)
Valve clearance	
Intake at: 20 °C (68 °F)	0.10 0.15 mm (0.0039 0.0059 in)
Exhaust at: 20 °C (68 °F)	0.12 0.17 mm (0.0047 0.0067 in)
Crankshaft bearing	2 cylinder roller bearing
Conrod bearing	Slide bearing
Piston pin bearing	Not a bearing bush - DLC-plated piston pins
Pistons	Forged light alloy
Piston rings	1 compression ring, 1 oil scraper ring
Engine lubrication	Pressure circulation lubrication with two Eaton pumps
Primary transmission	31:76
Clutch	Multidisc clutch in oil bath, hydraulically activated
Transmission ratio	·
First gear	14:36
Second gear	17:32
Third gear	19:28
Fourth gear	22:26
Fifth gear	23:24
Sixth gear	26:21
Alternator	12 V, 168 W
Ignition	Contactless controlled fully electronic ignition with digital ignition adjustment
Spark plug	NGK LMAR9AI-10
Spark plug electrode gap	1.0 mm (0.039 in)
Cooling	Water cooling, permanent circulation of coolant by water pump
Starting aid	Electric starter
	•

22.2 Engine tightening torques

Oil jet, piston cooling	M4	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Oil nozzle for clutch lubrication	M5	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Oil nozzle, piston cooling	M5	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Oil nozzle, rocker arm lubrication	M5	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Pulse generator screw and cable retainer	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243 [™]
Screw, bearing retainer	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, clutch spring retainer	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	-
Screw, gear position sensor	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, locking lever	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, stator	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, suction pump cover	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Nut, water pump impeller	M6	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™

Screw, alternator cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	
Screw, bearing bolt, torque limiter	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, camshaft support plate	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, clutch cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	
Screw, cylinder head	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	
Screw, engine case	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	
Screw, EVAP	M6	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, exhaust flange	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, oil filter cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	
Screw, pressure pump cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, shift drum locating	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243 TM
Screw, shift lever	M6	14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, starter motor	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	_
Screw, timing chain securing guide	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, timing chain tensioner	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	_
Screw, timing chain tensioning rail	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, valve cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	-
Screw, water pump cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	
Oil nozzle for conrod bearing lubrica-	M6x0.75	4 Nm (3 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
tion	exerr c		
Plug, oil channel	M7	9 Nm (6.6 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, rocker arm bearing	M7	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	-
Plug, timing chain tensioner	M8	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)	-
Screw plug, crankshaft location	M8	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	-
Plug, oil channel	M10	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, engine sprocket	M10	60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 2701™
Spark plug	M10x1	10 12 Nm (7.4 8.9 lbf ft)	-
Engine coolant temperature sensor	M10x1.25	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)	_
Screw plug, rocker arm shaft	M10x1.25	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	_
Screw, cylinder head	M10x1.25	Step 1 10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft) Step 2 30 Nm (22.1 lbf ft) Step 3 50 Nm (36.9 lbf ft)	Lubricated with engine oil
Nut, rotor	M12x1	60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft)	Thread, oiled with engine oil/cone degreased
Oil drain plug with magnet	M12x1.5	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)	-
Plug, oil pressure regulator valve	M12x1.5	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)	-
Nut, inner clutch hub	M18x1.5	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)	-
Nut, primary gear	M20LHx1.5	100 Nm (73.8 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw plug, oil screen	M20x1.5	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	-

22.3 Capacities

22.3.1 Engine oil

Engine oil 1.2 I (1.3 qt.)	Engine oil (SAE 10W/50) (🕮 p. 126)
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22.3.2 Coolant

Coolant	1.2 l (1.3 qt.)	Coolant (@ p. 126)
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22.3.3 Fuel

Total fuel tank capacity, approx.	8.5 (2.25 US gal)	Super unleaded (ROZ 95/RON 95/PON 91) (🕮 p. 126)
Fuel reserve, approx.		1.5 (1.6 qt.)

22.4 Chassis

ZZ.4 Gliassis	
Frame	Central tube frame made of chrome molybdenum steel tubing
Fork (500 EXC-F US)	WP Performance Systems MXMA 4860 upside down
Fork (450 EXC-F Six Days US)	WP Performance SystemsXplor 48
Suspension travel	
Front	300 mm (11.81 in)
Rear	310 mm (12.2 in)
Fork offset	22 mm (0.87 in)
Shock absorber	WP Performance Systems 4618 PDS DCC
Brake system	Disc brakes, brake calipers on floating bearings
Brake discs - diameter	
Front	260 mm (10.24 in)
Rear	220 mm (8.66 in)
Brake discs - wear limit (500 EXC-F US)	
Front	2.5 mm (0.098 in)
Rear	3.5 mm (0.138 in)
Brake discs - wear limit (450 EXC-F Six Days US)	
Front	2.5 mm (0.098 in)
Rear	3.7 mm (0.146 in)
Tire air pressure off road	
Front	1.0 bar (15 psi)
Rear	1.0 bar (15 psi)
Road tire pressure	
Front	1.5 bar (22 psi)
Rear	2.0 bar (29 psi)
Final drive	14:45
Chain	5/8 x 1/4"
Rear sprockets available	48, 50, 52
Steering head angle	63.5°
Wheelbase	1,482±10 mm (58.35±0.39 in)
Seat height unloaded	960 mm (37.8 in)
Ground clearance unloaded	355 mm (13.98 in)
Weight without fuel, approx. (500 EXC-F US)	109 kg (240 lb.)
Weight without fuel, approx. (450 EXC-F Six Days US)	109.5 kg (241.4 lb.)
Maximum permissible front axle load	145 kg (320 lb.)
Maximum permissible rear axle load	190 kg (419 lb.)
Maximum permissible overall weight	335 kg (739 lb.)

22.5 Electrical system

Battery	HJTZ5S-FP	Lithium-ion battery Battery voltage: 12 V Nominal capacity: 2.0 Ah Maintenance-free
Speedometer battery	CR 2430	Battery voltage: 3 V
Fuse	58011109105	5 A
Fuse	75011088010	10 A
Fuse	58011109120	20 A
Headlight	HS1 / socket PX43t	12 V 35/35 W
Parking light	W5W / socket W2.1x9.5d	12 V 5 W
Indicator lamps	W2.3W / socket W2x4.6d	12 V 2.3 W
Turn signal	RY10W / socket BAU15s	12 V 10 W
Brake/tail light	LED	,
License plate lamp	LED	

22.6 Tires

Front tires	Rear tires
90/90 - 21 M/C 54S M+S TT	120/90 - 18 M/C 65R M+S TT
Continental TKC 80	Continental TKC 80
The time excisied represent one of the precible entire production	tives Additional information is evallable in the Coming contion

The tires specified represent one of the possible series production tires. Additional information is available in the Service section under:

http://www.ktm.com

22.7 Fork

22.7.1 500 EXC-F US

Fork article number		14.18.8Q.69
Fork		WP Performance Systems MXMA 4860 upside down
Compression damping		
Comfort		18 clicks
Standard		15 clicks
Sport		12 clicks
Rebound damping		
Comfort		18 clicks
Standard		15 clicks
Sport		12 clicks
Spring length with preload spacer(s)		474 mm (18.66 in)
Spring rate		·
Weight of rider: 65 75 kg (143 165 lb.)		4.4 N/mm (25.1 lb/in)
Weight of rider: 75 85 kg (165 187 lb.)		4.6 N/mm (26.3 lb/in)
Weight of rider: 85 95 kg (187 209 lb.)		4.8 N/mm (27.4 lb/in)
Fork length		928 mm (36.54 in)
Air chamber length		110 ⁺¹⁰ ₋₂₀ mm (4.33 ^{+0.39} _{-0.79} in)
Fork oil per fork leg	600 ml (20.29 fl. oz.)	Fork oil (SAF 4) (48601166S1) (🗐 p. 126)

22.7.2 450 EXC-F Six Days US

Fork article number	14.15.8Q.69
Fork	WP Performance SystemsXplor 48

Compression damping		
Comfort		18 clicks
Standard		15 clicks
Sport		12 clicks
Rebound damping		<u>'</u>
Comfort		18 clicks
Standard		15 clicks
Sport		12 clicks
Spring preload - Preload Adjuster	•	
Comfort		+0
Standard		+0
Sport		+3
Spring length with preload space	er(s)	
Weight of rider: 65 75 kg	(143 165 lb.)	477 mm (18.78 in)
Weight of rider: 75 85 kg (165 187 lb.)		475 mm (18.7 in)
Weight of rider: 85 95 kg (187 209 lb.)		477 mm (18.78 in)
Spring rate		
Weight of rider: 65 75 kg (143 165 lb.)		4.4 N/mm (25.1 lb/in)
Weight of rider: 75 85 kg (165 187 lb.)		4.6 N/mm (26.3 lb/in)
Weight of rider: 85 95 kg (187 209 lb.)		4.8 N/mm (27.4 lb/in)
Fork length		932 mm (36.69 in)
Air chamber length		110±10 mm (4.33±0.39 in)
Fork oil per fork leg	610 ml (20.62 fl. oz.)	Fork oil (SAE 4) (48601166S1) (🕮 p. 126)

22.8 Shock absorber

Shock absorber article number	12.18.7Q.69	
Shock absorber	WP Performance Systems 4618 PDS DCC	
Compression damping, low-speed		
Comfort	18 clicks	
Standard	15 clicks	
Sport	12 clicks	
Compression damping, high-speed		
Comfort	2.5 turns	
Standard	2 turns	
Sport	1 turn	
Rebound damping		
Comfort	18 clicks	
Standard	15 clicks	
Sport	12 clicks	
Spring preload		
Comfort	8 mm (0.31 in)	
Standard	8 mm (0.31 in)	
Sport	8 mm (0.31 in)	
Spring rate		
Weight of rider: 65 75 kg (143 165 lb.)	63 N/mm (360 lb/in)	
Weight of rider: 75 85 kg (165 187 lb.)	66 N/mm (377 lb/in)	
Weight of rider: 85 95 kg (187 209 lb.)	69 N/mm (394 lb/in)	
Spring length	225 mm (8.86 in)	
Gas pressure	10 bar (145 psi)	
Static sag	35 mm (1.38 in)	
Riding sag	110 mm (4.33 in)	

Fitted length	415 mm (16.34 in)
Damper oil	Shock absorber fluid (SAE 2.5) (50180751S1) (🕮 p. 126)

22.9 Chassis tightening torques

ZZ:0 Onassis tightening torque			
Screw, pressure regulator	EJOT PT® K60x25-Z	3 Nm (2.2 lbf ft)	_
Screw, fixed grip	M4	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Spoke nipple, front wheel	M4.5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	-
Spoke nipple, rear wheel	M4.5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	_
Remaining nuts, chassis	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	-
Remaining screws, chassis	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	-
Screw, battery terminal	M5	2.5 Nm (1.84 lbf ft)	_
Screw, intake air temperature sensor	M5	3.5 Nm (2.58 lbf ft)	-
Screw, light switch	M5	1 Nm (0.7 lbf ft)	-
Screw, shock absorber adjusting ring	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	_
Nut, cable on starter motor	M6	4 Nm (3 lbf ft)	-
Remaining nuts, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	_
Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	_
Screw, ball joint of push rod on foot brake cylinder	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite [®] 243™
Screw, chain sliding guard	M6	14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, front brake disc	M6	14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, rear brake disc	M6	14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, throttle grip	M6	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	-
Fuel connection on fuel pump	M8	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	-
Nut, foot brake lever stop	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)	-
Nut, rear sprocket screw	M8	35 Nm (25.8 lbf ft)	Loctite® 2701™
Nut, rim lock	M8	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)	-
Remaining nuts, chassis	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	-
Remaining screws, chassis	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	-
Screw, bottom triple clamp (450 EXC-F Six Days US)	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	-
Screw, bottom triple clamp (500 EXC-F US)	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	-
Screw, chain sliding piece	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	_
Screw, engine brace	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 2701™
Screw, fork stub	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	-
Screw, front brake caliper	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, handlebar clamp	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)	-
Screw, manifold	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	-
Screw, manifold on cylinder head brace	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	-
Screw, side stand attachment	M8	35 Nm (25.8 lbf ft)	Loctite® 2701™
Screw, subframe	M8	35 Nm (25.8 lbf ft)	Loctite® 2701™
Screw, top steering stem (450 EXC-F Six Days US)	M8	17 Nm (12.5 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, top steering stem (500 EXC-F US)	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)	-
Screw, top triple clamp (450 EXC-F Six Days US)	M8	17 Nm (12.5 lbf ft)	-
Screw, top triple clamp (500 EXC-F US)	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)	-
Engine attachment bolt	M10	60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft)	-
Remaining nuts, chassis	M10	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)	_

Remaining screws, chassis	M10	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)	_
Screw, handlebar holder	M10	40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Nut, fuel pump fixation	M12	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	_
Screw, bottom shock absorber	M12	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)	Loctite® 2701™
Screw, top shock absorber	M12	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)	Loctite® 2701™
Nut, swingarm pivot	M16x1.5	100 Nm (73.8 lbf ft)	-
Nut, rear wheel spindle	M20x1.5	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)	_
Screw, front wheel spindle	M20x1.5	35 Nm (25.8 lbf ft)	-
Screw, top steering head	M20x1.5	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)	_
Screw-in nozzles, cooling system	M20x1.5	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™

23 SUBSTANCES 126

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1

Standard/classification

DOT

Guideline

Use only brake fluid that complies with the specified standard (see specifications on the container) and that exhibits the corresponding properties.

Recommended supplier

Castrol

RESPONSE BRAKE FLUID SUPER DOT 4

Motorex®

Brake Fluid DOT 5.1

Coolant

Guideline

Only use high quality coolant with corrosion inhibitor for aluminum motors (even in countries with high temperatures). Using inferior antifreeze can result in corrosion and foaming.

Mixture ratio

Antifreeze protection: -2545 °C (-13	anti-corrosion/antifreeze
−49 °F)	distilled water

Recommended supplier

Motorex®

COOLANT M3.0

Engine oil (SAE 10W/50)

Standard/classification

- SAE (

 p. 128) (SAE 10W/50)

Guideline

Use only engine oils that comply with the specified standards (see specifications on the container) and that possess the corresponding properties.

Synthetic engine oil

Recommended supplier

Motorex®

Cross Power 4T

Fork oil (SAE 4) (48601166S1)

Standard/classification

Guideline

 Use only oils that comply with the specified standards (see specifications on the container) and that exhibit the corresponding properties.

Shock absorber fluid (SAE 2.5) (50180751S1)

Standard/classification

Guideline

 Use only oils that comply with the specified standards (see specifications on the container) and that exhibit the corresponding properties.

Super unleaded (ROZ 95/RON 95/PON 91)

Standard/classification

DIN EN 228 (ROZ 95/RON 95/PON 91)

Guideline

- Only use unleaded super fuel that matches or is equivalent to the specified fuel grade.
- Fuel with an ethanol content of up to 10 % (E10 fuel) is safe to use.



Info

Do **not** use fuel containing methanol (e. g. M15, M85, M100) or more than 10 % ethanol (e. g. E15, E25, E85, E100).

Air filter cleaner

Recommended supplier Motorex®

- Racing Bio Dirt Remover

Chain cleaner

Recommended supplier Motorex®

- Chain Clean

Fuel additive

Recommended supplier Motorex®

- Fuel Stabilizer

High viscosity grease

Recommended supplier SKF^{\otimes}

LGHB 2

Long-life grease

Recommended supplier Motorex®

- Bike Grease 2000

Motorcycle cleaner

Recommended supplier Motorex®

Moto Clean

Off-road chain spray

Recommended supplier Motorex®

Chainlube Offroad

Oil for foam air filter

Recommended supplier Motorex®

Racing Bio Liquid Power

Preserving materials for paints, metal and rubber

Recommended supplier Motorex®

Moto Protect

Special cleaner for glossy and matte paint finishes, metal and plastic surfaces

Recommended supplier

Motorex®

Quick Cleaner

Universal oil spray

Recommended supplier Motorex®

- Joker 440 Synthetic

25 STANDARDS 128

JASO T903 MA

Different technical development directions required a new specification for 4-stroke motorcycles – the JASO T903 MA Standard. Earlier, engine oils from the automobile industry were used for 4-stroke motorcycles because there was no separate motorcycle specification. Whereas long service intervals are demanded for automobile engines, high performance at high engine speeds are in the foreground for motorcycle engines. In most motorcycles, the gearbox and the clutch are lubricated with the same oil as the engine. The JASO MA Standard meets these special requirements.

SAE

The SAE viscosity classes were defined by the Society of Automotive Engineers and are used for classifying oils according to their viscosity. The viscosity describes only one property of oil and says nothing about quality.

OBD On-board diagnosis Vehicle system that monitors emission- and safety-relat	elated values
--	---------------

Art. no.	Article number
ca.	circa
cf.	compare
e.g.	for example
etc.	et cetera
i.a.	inter alia
no.	number
poss.	possibly

28.1 Yellow and orange symbols

Yellow and orange symbols indicate an error condition that requires prompt intervention. Active driving aids are also represented by yellow or orange symbols.

EFI Co	Malfunction indicator lamp lights up/flashes yellow – The OBD has detected an emission- or safety-critical fault.
	The fuel level warning lamp lights up yellow – The fuel level has reached the reserve mark.

28.2 Green and blue symbols

Green and blue symbols reflect information.

≣O	The high beam indicator lamp lights up blue – The high beam is switched on.
(+ +)	Turn signal indicator lamp flashes green – The turn signal is switched on.

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